SINCLAIR

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COLL WORLD

MICE ART/ THE PAINTER

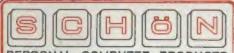
Two bytes at the cherry

SOFTWARE

Starplod Coursemaster

NORTHERN SINCLAIR SHOW SUCCESS BUDGET PLANNER

Divide the sheep from the groats



PERSONAL COMPUTER PRODUCTS

NORTHCOTE CRESCENT WESTHORSLEY SURREY KT24 6LX, U.K. (04865)3836

WARNING — GUARANTEE

Now that Sinclair QL World has left the newstands we would like to suggest that you should contact us so that we can add your details to our database. We will then send you details of new products as and when they become available.

We will soon be sending out specification sheets for TRANSFORMER as well as priority order forms. To ensure that you are informed of the latest developments, contact us today!!



SCHON STANDARD KEYBOARD

The most popular add-on keyboard for the QL. Same key layout as original but incorporates full travel, two-shot moulded keys. Expansion, ROM ports and microdrives unaffected. Comes complete with anti-bounce device and Ol top cover including LED's. Simple installation. No soldering, 5 mins. Please call for free spec sheet. Both keyboards have 1 yr+ guarantee. Fentastic value at only £35.00 inc



SCHON PS/2 STYLE KEYBOARD

The absolute ditimate add-on keyboard is now available for the CI. The Schon PS/2 style keyboard II is the perfect tool for the discerning CI. anthusiast and has many extra keys. Intotal the Schon PS/2 style keyboard has 102 keys and includes separate numeric and cursor peds. Home, End, Page Up & Dr. Del & SKIP & SOLIN, ECUN. PECALL, Capa, Scroll & Nunt Lock (illuminated), SYS REQ, BREAK, Del Line, diagonal cursor keys AND yes. SINGLE KEY UNDERSCORE!! R.R.P. £114.95 includes I/F and CIL top cover with LED's. CALL NOW FOR FREE SPEC SHEET.



SCHON KBL 128 QL CASING

This is a special product intended for the anthuipsatio CL overar with electronic knowledge. The KBL 128 comparise of an interestications are at a strong outer ABS casing. Complete with 64 way "flip-back" connector to allow expension devices to all on top of the CL PCE. Casing as subtable for CL PCE. By drives, PSU, and all suppression devices. A highly rewarding DIV challengs for the CL owner with the "41 tong" problem. Works suppreby in conjunction with the rew Schon PS/2 style keyboard. Call for specialists and chart about convexiting your CL. R.R.P. 686.00 including VAT.

SOFTWARE DISKTOOL

- Features include max formatting capacity 1512

- Myperfast disk copying
 Single and dual drives supported
 Disk password protection
 Uses OJump Pointer Environment
 QuickDisk speeds up svery access
 on a once converted disk by 30%

Disktool & QuickDisk Disktool (alone) QuickDisc stone (alone) £14.95

NEW SOFTWARE NEW

CARD By ULTRASOFT

- · Fast SEARCH and SHORT algorithms

- · On-screen HELP facility

Cord comes corruptes with Pointar Environment and COMPIG program and is evaluable on 1.5" disk for 214.95. Hence call for details.

SOFTWARE TOOLKIT III By ULTRASOFT

Toolkit III to the ultimate enhancement for Supertnotus I

- # Fully operational auti-dir
- New New American READ ONLY, USER AREAS, Inc.
 Unique MEM device to scene memory in a file
- * Faint and flexible database commends * Extensions to old Superhalic and TKZ co
- · Commands for advenced memory access
- Available on 3.5" for £19.96 or EPROM for £24.95

S-EDIT is the fastest screen editor available for the QL, giving you maximum value for money. A flexible tool to be used by the novice or experienced programmer, whenever ASCII editing is necessary Features include:

- Hyperfast search and replace options
- Flexible block handling
- Resizeable and moveable window
 On-screen HELP facility
- TK3 sub-directories acces
 Allows binary file editing

S-EDIT comes with Q-JUMP Pointer Interface and CONFIG. Program.

PRICE: £12.95

NEW SOFTWARE NEW

THE PAINTER

The latest piece of professional soft ware from the Continent to become available in the U.K. The Painter is a totally new, totally complete userfriendly graphics/CAD package for the OL All menus are full screen and icon controlled. The Painter allows up to 12 full screens to be designed at once in 4 or 8 colours. * User variable zoom command * Spectacular screen edit facility for close up full cover onel work (displays mine-

EXTRAS EXTRAS FOR SCHÖN PRODUCTS

Anti-bounce Device (for Schön Standard Keyboard)£6.00 Black PVC Dustcover for PS/2 Style Keyboard£4.95 12 V Slimline cooling fan for use with Schön KBL 126 Casing £24.95 All 'extras' prices include VAT and P&P

TRANSFORMER

To be released soon. TRANSFORMER is to be the fastest PC/MS DOS emulator for the QL. Prototype, consisting purely of hardware to slot in expansion port, is already operating twice as fast as competing products. All software is supplied on ROM on circuit board as well as hardware based CGA. TRANSFORMER is supplied with through connector. Developed overseas and constructed in the UK. We strongly suggest that you should consider waiting for a more reliable solution for PC/MS DOS emulation.

Price: TO BE ANNOUNCED

THE PAINTER

ture full acreen simultaneously) * Work screen/menu screen ping is instantaneous) * Normal drawing commands (line, square, circle, etc. as well as more unusual requirements) * Requires at least 256K and comes on 3.5" disk complete with manual. All drawings produced on The Painter can be incorporated in other graphics/DTP prog-rams. The Painter retails at £29.95 including VAT. Please call for more details.

-P/Code

PRODUCT & CARRIAGE COSTS

Schön Standard Keyboard £35.00 P&P @ £2.00 £114.95 P&P @ £3.00 Schön PS/2 Keyboard .. £65.00 P&P @ £3.00 Schön KBL 128 Casing

All software advertised is priced as stated above. Postage is included on all software. Overseas customers please call for export prices. European customers contact Ultrasoft, Vennhauser Allee 218, 4000 Dusseldorf 12, W. Germany. All software is supplied on 3.5" unless otherwise stated.

MS DOS is a trademark of Microsoft Corp. PS/2 is a trademark of IBM.

ORDER FORM/DATABASE FORM

Pleas	a send	me th	e followi	ng produ	ict(s) to	the	address	below.
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Tel .. Amount Enclosed £

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- **OPEN CHANNEL** Instruction destruction
- SUBSCRIPTION INFORMATION
- QL SCENE Tape search continues
- SOFTWARE FILE MacSporran's Lament
- SOFTWARE FILE Starplod
- TROUBLE SHOOTER . Funny you should say that . . .
- 18 PSION SOLUTIONS • More Archival advice
- THE NETWORKED OFFICE

 Networking is easy
- SOFTWARE FILE Coursemaster
- OF MICE AND ART

 A rising star and an old master
- **HOME BUDGET PLANNER** Abacus application
- NORTHERN SINCLAIR SHOW New life in Manchester
- DIY TOOLKIT . MEM device driver
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- SUPERBASIC Making the Calculator user-friendly
- PROGRAM OF THE MONTH Cubic colour game
- PROG Print Spooler
- PROG Multiplication Tables update
- MICRODRIVE EXCHANGE Little things to buy

NEXT MONTH

PROFESSIONAL **PUBLISHER**

Digital Precision's desktop publishing package has been substantially rewritten.

WHAT DID THE INSTRUCTIONS SAY?

Starting with text'87, we look at ways to get more out of popular programs.

NEW!

This page, and the next three pages, contain a list of OL software produced by DIGITAL PRECISION LTD.

LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION LIGHTNING

LIGHTNING is a classic QL program - it works wonders. Like a magic wand, it effortlessly makes your QL - and all programs that work on it - run a great deal faster. In order to obtain all the benefits of LIGHTNING, no knowledge of programming is required. By automatically replacing a large number of slow routines within the QL's operating system with purpose-built, high-speed accelerating routines, LIGHTNING preserves the exact and precise functionality of all QL operations, chaoging only - albeit dramatically - the speed at which the QL works. LIGHTNING is 1005 transparent to the user.

In the year since LIGHTNING was launched, Digital Precision has continued working on LIGHTNING, seeking to improve it even further, to take the QL to the ABSOLUTE limit.

Now we are ready. The DITIMATE is AVAILABLE.... LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION, the successor to LIGHTNING.

Here are some of the reasons that make LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION a program you CANNOT afford to be without;

- * Incredible speed your QL behaves like a new machine, and your QL programs run considerably faster. LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION is up to THIRTY PERCENT FASTER than the original LIGHTNING! The original LIGHTNING itself was no slouch it gave text, screen-handling and accolling speedup of upto 14 times (typical speedup 3 times), graphics speedup of upto 5 times (typical speedup 2 times) and internal calculation speedup of upto 30 times (typical speedup 2 times). The original LIGHTNING was halled and commended for its superb speed in reviews that appeared in QL WORLD, QUANTA etc. Sut now LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION is aignificantly faster! QL cursor-handling, clearing, panning, screen-housekeeping and keyboard-friendliness and increasing smoothness and responsiveness. Alternative ways of accelerating your QL involve the purchasing of expensive hardware boards, typically costing £750 or more. LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION actually gives you MORE speed than they do!
- * Supremely simple INSTART installation! LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION is supplied on ROM. Just ping it into your QL (the ROM port at the back no wires, no soldering, no unscrewing, no fuss) and you are in business... A single command serves to enable the enhanced operation (or disable it, if you want to be raminded of how terribly slow things were before LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION!
- ROM operation is extremely fast and does not deplete user-available RAM at all. This means that even if you have an unexpanded QL or use massive application programs, you can use LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION without worry or hassle.
- * The RON is accompanied by a disk or cartridge (you specify) which contains additional LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION speed enhancing routines that you may want to use from time to time, depending on the application. A user-friendly configurator allows you to sumi-parmanently or permanently install some or all of these routines you can choose which ones on devices of your choice, so that when that device is booted up, our routines are automatically activated.
- * LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION is supremely compatible, even more so than the original LIGHTNING! This wonder product actually makes some programs that did not work reliably on an Pordinary QL work correctly! LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION works on 'any version of the QL, expanded or unexpanded, with or without disk drive(s) (and/or hard disk), independent of the make of expansion/interface/drive. LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION works with all ramdisks, printers, modems, toolkits, utilities and with every item of QL software that we have been able to lay our hands on. Compatibility is guaranteed. Please do NOT write to us asking if the SPECIAL EDITION will work with QRAM, TASKMASTER or XYZ. We said it works with EVERYTHING and we mean it.
- "LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION is easy to use. Plug it in and funget about it, and your QL will wake up to a new, fast-lene life. The features that we list hereafter are "optional" only use them if you need them. If you find them the timiest bit confusing, don't worry just don't use them!

- * Depending whether the particular application in hand uses graphics or does a lot of number-crunching, you can opt to use the relevant LIGHTHING SPECIAL EDITION modules to accelerate those operations. If you are unsure what the application does, don't worry the "default" for LIGHTHING SPECIAL EDITION is "SPEED UP EVERYTHING"!
- LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION has many bells and whistles, far more than the original LIGHTNING. All of these features are controllable by you - you can choose at run-time to either enable or disable each feature, depending on their relevance to what you are doing with, or running on, your QL.
- * An incredibly semy feature is the new super-amouth scroll, which allows for the automatic SLOW (pixel-scrolling you select the speed, you after it dynamically if you wish) scrolling of the contents of windows. Reading long documents or files has never been more satisfying this feature really transforms that program you're so familiar with!
- * You may choose to vary the vertical spating between successive lines as they appear on the screen. The variation can be a reduction or an increase you can choose by how much, with perfect pixel-accuracy. You can use LIGHTHIMS SPECIAL EDITION's non-standard line-spacing to increase the number of lines in a given window-space, for example great for those programs and applications where you are not provided with the option of altering window size or shape.
- You may choose to acrall only every nth (you select h) line, allowing for much faster screen updating while still maintaining complete screen integrity!
- * LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION, like its predecessor, is supplied with a massive collection of mighty fonts, with the facility to load them and use them from SuperBASIC. What the original LIGHTNING did NOT have was the facility to "attach" these fonts to ANY window on the QL, only to windows YOU were using for your SuperBASIC programs. However, the vast majority of programs you will encounter will be compiled or in pure machine-code, and you will have no access whatever to their internal workings. With these, or if you are not a programmer, the standard LIGHTNING's font handling could not help. LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION, however, has it all it allows you to attach alternative character fonts to ANY window used by ANY task, without any programming or program-specific knowledge this means that you can give a fantastic face-lift to those programs that have become all-too-familiar (Quill is but one that springs to mind), having the contents of each of the program's windows come up in a character style of your choice (you could have seven different tasks running on the QL together, each using ten windows and with a dynamically re-adjustable, different character sat for each of the 70 windows, if you so wished), lif you are brave enough, we even allow you to alter other window "characteristics"... endless permutations, All this pertains to manipulating programs of which you have no technical/privileged knowledge at all!
- * You can fine-tune the precision with which the QL carries out maths operations reduce precision, increase execution speed.
- * Lightning Special Edition allows you to dynamically antirely disable screen output, resulting in upto 100 times (faster than with standard Lightning) acceleration of tedious, screen-hungry operations, Of course, you can instantly "weeken the screen at the press of a key (you can even select which key!). A null-type device (a black hole) is also provided.
- * Certain time-consuming, pointless QL activities can be dynamically suspended if you so wish.
- " In case you have a THOR XVI or ST QL EMULATOR, or (A case you already have something plugged into your QL (or non-XVI TROR) ROM-socket (and you do not want to get a multi-ROM adapter). LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION is still very desirable. Use just the disk/cartridge; you lose "instant installation", a tiny price to pay for LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION's superb features.
- * A beautiful+comprehensive manual is provided but if you just want to- get going there is a "Beginners" may stop reading here if they so wish" marker.

LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION, COMPLETE WITH FULL AS DOCUMENTATION, ULTRA HIGH-SPEED ROM, DISK/CARTRIDGE AND GO-FASTER STRIPES, COSTS JUST 239.95, REPRESENTING INCREDIBLE VALUE FOR MONEY. Owners of the original LIGHINING may upgrade to LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION for a fee of £25 (return original manual plus disk/cartridge). The original (LIGHTNING continues to be available, providing excellent value for money at £24.95.

THE SOLUTION PC EMULATOR

Put quite simply, TME SDLUTION automatically transforms your Qt into an EBM PC clone capable of running all those famous-name programs you've heard of so often. THE SOLUTION operates solely from software — there is nothing to plug in or disconnect, so you can still run all your QL software. It works this way. Boot up with THE SOLUTION disk. You are now in a PC, and you will be prompted for insertion of an MS-DOS disk (just as you would on a PC). End of story. Forget you have a QL, and run your PC programs (obviously we read/write direct to PC disks). Restrictions are virtually non-existent, as we support both monochrome and colour CSA graphics, and run ALL the benchmark PC software, including quite a few that won't run on a famous UK clonel You have 470K available on a 640K QL setup, or 667K with TRUMPCARD — more than you will get on your PC or XTI Speed is further improved by using LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION.

You can go further with SQLUTION than with a PC. You can multitast two or three PC programs, or run a PC program at the same time as any number of QL programs. You can convert files directly between QL and MS-QOS formats (either direction) at speed. You can re-configure your QL keyboard at leisure, so that you was keys of YOUR choice rather than those chosen by the author of the application program You have access at run-time to a powerful diagnostic supervisor mode. SOLUTION can even run other operating systems - CP/N-86, p-system, etc.

SOLUTION is available in two flavours - buy the CHOCOLATE SOLUTION unless you have legal access to a copy of MS-DOS. SOLUTION is not fussy about how current your version of MS-DOS is - but the PC software you want to run may require a fairly recent version of MS-DOS. With CHOCOLATE SOLUTION, we supply the latest v4.0 series DOS, effectively at 1/2 price.

PS: We understand Schon has ceased to market the ANT PC Emulator, to which we made reference in our last advert. We consider all the other Schon products we've seen to date to be of high quality: accordingly, we're pleased they've taken this action. It shows they have the best interests of Qi owners at heart. We think they deserve a public vote of thanks - bravol

EDITOR SPECIAL EDITION EDITOR

These magnificent programs are not "just" word-processors, though if that is all you want out of them you will not be disappointed.

The EDITORs are for handling ALL types of data, at super-speed. We use the 200+ command SPECIAL EDITOR (vs 100 on Standard EDITOR) not just for preparing documents, letters and LONG manuals, but also as our random-access database (20,000+ customers - try that with Archivel), a printer driver capable of achieving virtually ANY desired result (multi-line headers and footers (which can use all printer effects like underline, bold, Italics etc., andw which can change at any point in the document), user-definable page numbering "style" and start position, etc etc), a full-screen programming environment (you can even renumber lines within it), for formatting Accounts and other schedules and for all sorts of odd jobs.

Comparisons with Quill are absurd - both EDITORs are from 10 to 100 TIMES (1000% TO 10000%) faster than Quill, have far more power and resources, and are absolutely logical and consistent in operation (making them easier to grasp). Most operations that you choose to avoid on Quill (because you know how sluggish it is going to be) are done INSTANTLY with FOLTOR.

There is a fundamental philosophical difference between the EDITORs and Quill - with either EDITOR you are in the driving seat, whereas Quill assumes the user is an idial who wishes to be hand-held All the time, who will never make any progress, and who will always want to do things in just one, inflexible, often awkward way. This feature of Quill's makes that program easy to master, but precludes it from being used seriously-after the first hour of use there is nothing more to learn about Quill. The EDITORs are just as simple to learn to use as is Quill - the difference here is that when and if you want to achieve more, you have the power under the bonnet.

Advanced users can program both EDITORs - and with SPECIAL EDITION this goes way beyond simple macros. SPECIAL EDITION also has a Document mode for those who want to get closer to MYSINYE. Beginners should choose the more user-friendly SPECIAL EDITION - it is much easier to use.

PROFESSIONAL PUBLISHER DESKTOP PUBLISHER SPECIAL EDITION DESKTOP PUBLISHER

If you want to produce high-quality pages incorporating text and/or graphics, you need one of our three DTP systems.

Fully WYSIWYG text and graphics page designers, all of which have cursor-dragged boxes, pixel justification, cameo overview, direct text entry, comprehensive graphics capabilities, importing of ASCII files and EYE-Q screens, a generous supply of fonts/brushes/symbols, font-editing, merging, independently variable X/Y magnification, EDITOR competibility and much more.

SPECIAL FOITION, which has a higher hardware requirement than the standard DESKTOP, also has more powerful text-formatting, texture fill, larger windows, Quill LIS file compatibility with the facility to communicate via control codes and translate tables, fast 16x16 font-handling, multi-tasking, improved command entry, enhanced drawing facilities and much more - in addition to all the features of the standard DESKTOP.

PROFESSIONAL PUBLISHER is in a league of its own, providing many features that £1000+ packages lack (in our opinion, the only micro package out there that equals PRO PUBLISHER is agreement on the Mac). PRO PUBLISHER has all the features of the other two programs, plus windows of ANY shape (we mean ANY convex, concave, circular, re-entrant, whatever), that can be independently saved and sequentially linked (flow-through), wrap-around graphics maintaining pixel-accurate text positioning, hassie-free usage even with Quili DOC files, interpolation, character sizes upto a massive 192x192 (with spacing and descender position individually settable for each character), snap-to guides, layout templates, full compatibility with the Smiling Mouse (though we still think the program is best without any mouse!), auto grey scale conversions, bending/rotation/stretching, all Boolean functions, foreign character sets, page dimensions specifiable from 48x48 pixels to 960x1600, cut/paste to/from the page/EYE-Q/standard SBYTES screens, etc. Smoothness and control of this program are phenomenal. A good printer driver is supplied as standard - a startlingly excellent one, (with anti-aliasing, user specifiable output dimensions etc.) grafix, is available for a £10 premium.

The best thing about PROFESSIONAL PUBLISHER is that we have made this program the easiest of all our publishers to use....

There are too many words in THIS ad for it to be other than a text-list: it doesn't do any justice to our publisher's powers!

TURBO BASIC COMPILER SUPERCHARGE SPECIAL EDITION BETTER BASIC

Compatible with the entire syntex of SuperBASIC, the legendary TURBO and SUPERCHARGE compilers represent the state of the art. Both will produce instant-loading, stand-alone, multitasking jobs that will run phenomenally faster than interpreted BASIC - on average, SUPERCHARGE achieves 3000% and TURBO 5000% (better still if you use LIGHTNING SPECIAL EDITION in addition - the speedups produced by our compilers and LIGHTNING are multiplicative or better). Both compilers correct interpreter errors, both allow compiled code optimisation to be switchable between compactness and speed.

SUPERCHARGE is limited to a maximum of 64K output code size (excluding dataspace) and can only pass parameters by value, not by reference.

TURBO does not have these restrictions. TURBO alone allows instant linking of tasks, bi-directional pipe communication between tasks, shared variables/arrays/procedures/functions between tasks, creation of keywords, cache array access and rubber arrays, implicit datatypes (allowing integer FOR loops and integer/string SELect), WHEN ERROR on all QLs, more compact code, a 200 command, configurable toolkit, a supremely friendly front-end, selectable 16/32 bit addressing and much much more including a 300+ page manual! Both compilers are very tolerant of badly/incorrectly written programs - TURBO is even more tolerant than SUPERCHARGE, and auto-corrects most errors, or gives a descriptive report where your intentions are unclear.

BETTER BASIC improves your BASIC programming, by analysing BASIC programs you provide it and correcting them, giving detailed commentary where necessary.

DIGITAL C SPECIAL EDITION DIGITAL C COMPILER

Ultra-fast, concise, multitasking, portable code, comfortably exceeding the Small-C standard, and a comprehensive C and QDOS library is what both these compilers share. Wherever possible, QL BASIC names have been used for library keywords, with identical parameter requirements - this makes "getting into" either DiGITAL C very easy. Compared to Metacomco C, the speed of DIGITAL C is EXTREMELY gratifying - and the power of DIGITAL C is such that the whole compiler (parser, code-generator and linker) were all written in C and compiled by DIGITAL C1 Speed of compilation is stunning - DIGITAL C takes 10 seconds to code-generate from a large intermediate file, where other products on the market take anything from 45 seconds to 45 minutes.

The SPECIAL EDITION goes much further than the standard version, discarding the 64K code-size limit, providing long ponters, constants and integers, giving direct m/c access to traps, adding new library commands, redoing old ones in handwritten assembler, giving selectable 16/32 bit addressing.

Hand-holding is provided if you do not know any C at all.

EYE-Q GRAPHICS SYSTEM ULTRAPRINT 3-D PRECISION CAD SYSTEM SPRITE GENERATOR

EYE-Q is a beautifully smooth Z-D graphics system, easy to master, characterised by absolute consistency of operation: the same key combinations do the same work, whatever the mode. This makes mastering this program vary easy! Free-hand or technical drawing, magnification, pao/scroil, stretch, transfer, hierarchical undo (so finger-slip isn't fatal), recolour, intelligent fill, variable cursor size/speed, all colours/stipples supported. Remember the 15-20 QL graphics programs that used to be around? This one made all the others obsolete. EYE-Q has that hard-to-define "feel" of a real classic system; it is silky smooth. It is an excellent complement to our desktop publishers too, and with PROFESSIONAL PUBLISHER it is absolutely unbeatable!

DITAPRINT is a revolutionary printer-driver allowing the STYLE of output (high contrast? edge sharpness? smooth tones? size?) of EYE-Q screens to be under user-control: no one style can possibly be "correct" for all picture types. With its 22 output modes, UtTRAPRINT is a must, irrespective of whether your needs are artistic or technical.

3-D PRECISION lets you define and manipulate 3-D objects, with full control over perspective, magnification, orientation, rotation etc using a user-friendly front-end program. High resolution, extreme accuracy. Even fast enough for real-time movement! No programming is involved. But If you can write in SASIC or assembler, access to the supplied 100+ command graphic manipulation toolkit means you can program everything with great ease! The screen output of 3-D PRECISION may be directed to a plotter or saved (producing an SBTTES screen) for use with EYE-Q, ULTRAPRINT or PROFESSIONAL PUBLISHER.

SPRITE GENERATOR moves 2-0 objects about the screen, with flicker-free smoothness. You can have 266 object planes, 266 sprites, variable speed and loads of special effects.

SUCCESS CP/M EMULATOR SUPERFORTH COMPILER

Success is to CP/M what SQLUTION is to MS-DOS. With SUCCESS, you have access to thousands of CP/M programs - and this emulator works at HIGH speed, equivalent to a 2 MHz ZBO. No knowledge of CP/M is assumed or required. Full details of public domain sources for CP/M software is provided within the manual. Some CP/M utilities are supplied gratis.

SUPERFORTH 1s THE CLASSIC OL FORTH-83 compiler, quickly producing ultra-fast, stand-alone, multitasking code. The FORTH standard is rigorously adhered to. Many extras are supplied, including a full QDOS library. REVERSI is supplied free with SUPERFORTH - in FORTH source form too. The manual contains a detailed FORTH tutorial.

IDIS SPECIAL EDITION IDIS INTELLIGENT DISASSEMBLER

these programs translate all 68000 machine-code (* what all QL commercial programs comprise) into something that makes sense.

The BEST way to learn machine code is to use a disassembler: but non-intelligent ones make you spend all your time on the boring, time-consuming, repetitive hassle of discriminating between code and data, of untangling "mingled" routines/hierarchies, of working with addresses instead of names, etc. 1015 is super, doing away with all that and leaving a minimum of decision-making to you.

IDIS SPECIAL EDITION does ALL the hard work, having the highest level of automation - it is only for use on expanded machines. It even allows you to disassemble keywords, do trial/scout disassemblies etc. The use of IDIS SPECIAL EDITION for criminal purposes is NOT encouraged.

MONITOR is a simple, dynamic tool for examining programs as they run (disassemblers take a static look) - good with IDIS.

MEDIA MANAGER SPECIAL EDITION MEDIA MANAGER

These programs manage and control disks and cartridges, allowing sector access and correction/retrieval of corrupt data to cope with all sorts of possible calamities. These programs are NOT just for when something goes wrong, but serve for everyday use too.

The SPECIAL EDITION has been totally reworked to make it much more logical, concise and easy to use then the standard version, while actually providing more facilities (including a bi-directional communication facility with MS-DOS media). A most if you value what you store!

No more need you be terrified of "Bad or changed medium", "Read/write failed", "Not found" and others of that 11k1

PROFESSIONAL ASTROLOGER PROFESSIONAL ASTRONOMER SUPER ASTROLOGER

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with the answer, or just sound off about something which bothers you, write to: Open Channel, Sinclair QL World, Greencoat House, Francis Street, London SW1 1DG.

Not in the book

The following facility with Easel V2.3 is not mentioned in the User Guide. While in data entry mode, pressing SHIFT F4 brings up the prompt "Enter backdrop colour number". On supplying a number, the graph is re-drawn with an attractive coloured border; all of the standard QL stipples are available. Text and labels are printed on a contrasting strip but axis figures are not, so will disappear if they are the same colour as the backdrop.

Hilary Snaden, Portishead, Bristol.

Not by the book

I have for a number of years felt that handbooks for electronics equipment are woefully inadequate. A few weeks ago I advertised for second-hand disc drive, together with an interface and memory expansion and was offered just what I had requested at a reasonable price.

When I received the equipment I found that there was a handbook for the Sandy Super-Qboard and when I assembled the items in accordance with the instructions I found that the various commands for using the drive and for setting up a RAMdisc worked. The handbook, however, implied that there was a large batch of SuperBasic extensions available but nothing I tried accessed these commands.

Eventually I decided I had been sent a handbook to cover just the facilities I had purchased and that the extensions were not present. Later, in conversation with a more experienced acquaintance. I learned that before these extensions became functional one must ENTER TK2_EXT.

How stupid of me not to have worked this out myself.

A further examination of the handbook revealed the following paragraphs: "TK2_EXT enforces the Toolkit II definitions of common commands functions." and "TK2_EXT enforces the Toolkit II definitions of common commands and functions. If, for any reason, some of the Toolkit II extensions have been re-defined, TK2_EXT (c.f. FLP_EXT floppy disc extensions, EXP_EXT expansion unit extensions) will reassert the Toolkit II definitions."

This is not exactly calculated to jump out as an instruction to use this command to enable the whole set of extensions.

At several points in the handbook there are sections entitled Beginners Start Here. If this handbook caters for what it regards as beginners, how does one learn enough to become a mere beginner?

Experts should acknowledge that the bulk of their customers expect to use their purchases without necessarily understanding them.

L. Atkins, Biggleswade, Beds.

Editor's comment: Badlyorganised, unindexed, uncross-referenced, incomplete, poorly-written and jargon-ridden manuals have been, and remain, one of the plagues of computing. This springs partly from the same attitude which allows poorly-structured and incomplete software on to the market so that the customer can act as an unpaid beta-tester prior to updating.

Early versions are then sold as 'budget' versions with pressure to upgrade when the software proves inadequate or difficult to use and telephoneintensive help-line, or expensive "training courses" offered as a substitute for proper documentation

I do not wish to under-play the very real difficulties of developing a complex piece of utility software but although computing is still a frontier industry, it is time suppliers were put under some of the same pressure which, for instance, car manufacturers face. Bad documentation, which can render a good piece of software a liability to its owner, results from thoughtlessness on the part of the developers and costcutting in refusing to hire a technical author with sole responsibility for the manual. The documentation is produced, often as an afterthought, by technical staff who have little grasp of the layman's needs or language. Apart from the distress to users, doubly to beginners, this factor can and does put businesses into serious financial difficulties.

Despite the gnashing of teeth, QL users have escaped lightly; they have access to an inexpensive machine and comparatively inexpensive software with broad capabilities once they become familiar with the quirks; a number of suppliers provide very good back-up and a serious attempt for the most part to provide adequate docu-

mentation.

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Editor's notebook

We have plenty of reviews this month, some of them covering good new adventures which have been a pleasure to their reviewers. There is a dearth of new arcade games but there are still good, older games with which newer users are not familiar. We would be willing to run new reviews of older games. So long as they are still on the market. That is partly why we have included MICEart so long after its release. It has never been reviewed properly, and it has given us a great deal of fun.

Not all programs are fun to use — some are a disaster. Some are good; some fail to provide what the user expected, even after serious attempts to establish that. Most software somewhere has a user disappointed or angry through no fault of his own.

I can only repeat that it is unwise to order expensive software, from any source, until it has been reviewed by *QL World* or by one of the user groups, or you or a friend have had a chance to test it. Demonstrations and advertising can only reflect the supplier's view of the goods which, our mailbag indicates, is not always the user's view. The more independent experience you can get the more likely you are to be satisfied with the results.



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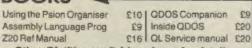
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QL World advertiser EEC Ltd. featured as a supplier of the HR5 printer in the April, 1989 edition, has contacted us to say that it also supplies two inexpensive dot matrix printers, the GP100 and the GP550.

Any existing user of either of those printers who wishes to write a "printer report" for QL World should write to the Editor EEC Ltd. 18-21 Misbourne House, Chiltern Hill Chalfont St Peter LS9 9EU Tel. 0753 888866

Microcassettes: the search for tape

Following last month's news that microcassette manufacturer Ablex is faced with a tape shortage which may thwart its plan to lay down stocks of the cartridge prior to ceasing manufacture at the end of 1989, Sinclair Research has responded to OL World concern that another manufacturer should be able to take over production if economics allowed

Ernie Watkins of Sinclair Research to OL World

"In the event of Ablex ceasing manufacture of the eartridge, we would be most happy to discuss, with any interested parties, the possibility of manufacture being taken over. We feel, however, that even with present supply difficulties removed, the practicalities, costs and risks associated with re-locating and restarting manufacture for a diminishing market may prove unattractive

"In respect of Ablex considering, because of reduced demand, ceasing production during 1989, this would have been on a planned basis which included laying down reasonable stocks of finished product. At this point any plans or intentions in respect of the

cartridge are frustrated by serious problems on the supply of suitable tape and Ablex is currently awaiting further samples from Germany of assessment "

Ablex production manager David MacSorley had expressed doubt that another manufacturer would resume production, apparently on the grounds that no other company had the tooling capability or experience. Ablex has produced microcassettes for the QL since its development. The current situation regarding tape supply is as yet unresolved

Oxfam appeal

Oxfam is launching an appeal for unwanted computer software donations through its London branches. The appeal is aimed at users and dealers and includes hardware. although consumer software and games are the most popular donations. The software will be resold through London and larger Oxfam shops as part of a special promotion to raise money for long-term and emergency famine relief

Richard English at Oxfam says it hopes to sell software for some makes of computer exclusively at specific branches, so that users would know where to look

Donations can be accepted at any Oxfam shop branch country-wide during June and July. The resale promotion begins on June 27

Fractals grow

and others.

The specialist fractals newsletter Fractal Report has now reached issue 1, following issue 0 — the free introductory issue — and issue −1 — the flyer Issue 2 is due on September 1

Fractal Report, published by Reeves Telecommunications Laboratories Ltd of Truro. contains articles and programs concerning fractals and "similar iterations in one or more dimensions". Authors retain copyright of their material Issue 0 has 23 pages on fractals, Mandelbrot patterns, computer graphics and mathematics, A4 with a yellow cover.

the start of the current volume European subscriptions cost £12, printed paper rate; elsewhere costs £13 or \$23 printed paper airmail rate Enquiries and subscriptions to RTL, West Towan House.

Porthtowan, Cornwall TR4 8AX, Send an A4 or A5 SAF for information

APOLOGIES

Inside the June issue of QL World an advertisement placed by Digital Precision drew a comparison between an MS-DOS emulator program by Ant Computing and their own emulator program "The Solution" and we would like to make it clear that QL World and its publishers in no way support or endorse any of the general statements made by Digital Precision regarding other unreviewed emulators and that we wish to apologise to

Schon PCP if any readers of the magazine felt that to be the case

Schon PCP are presently introducing a new emulator program "The Transformer" and they have informed us that there is no connection between the Ant Computing program and their new emulafor and that no evidence has been produced to support any suggestion that the latter will not meet its specification in full

As with any new software programs we advise our readers to wait for independent reviews



Report Writer is a program designed to assist the writing of reports and critiques. Developed by a teacher to help with pupil reports, it has been adapted to be useful with any type of structured report.

The program is based on two files, a Report bank, carrying the structural material, and a Comment bank, carrying the commentary for updating and

Report Writer is available on 3.5in, disc or Microdrive for £14.99 from Cottage Enterprises, 6 Shorwell Close, Grantham, Lines NG31 7H, and is accompanied by a printed 15page instruction booklet.

O FATAW A'R EOFALLE



Hene, you can see:

A set of bagpipes.

The sea-cure beneath the Dellan.

Mene, you have.

A pie in the fire d.

If white

I wister

I is bout to do not be boat.

The bout nocks uneass, you the swell. The oars are by your side. Done you now to Snottoy on the last.

ow that the Digital Precision ACT is beginning to be digested by adventure writers, a few very professional adventures are starting to reach the QL scene. Being a reasonably-experienced adventurer I am very pleased to say that this latest release from CGH Services alias QL Adventurers' Forum is certain to be a winner.

It is written by Dave, Ann and Katy Watson who live in Scotland and it contains all the necessary ingredients to keep anyone glued to their sets for many hours

Being a typical ACT adventure it has all the good points of the original game *Imagine* developed by Steve Sutton using the system, i.e., the location scenario is shown clearly and as you drop or pick up articles they appear or disappear from the screen

The text of the adventure can be in mode 4 or 8, for TV or monitor by a changing the boot listing. By typing-in the word 'Info' you are given several useful commands, such as "HEALTH, LOOK, SCORE, SAVE. RESTORE, GET, DROP, RESTART, EXAMINE, INVENTORY, READ, DRINK, THROW, OPEN, DIG, QUIT AND ATTACK" and they for the most part are used in the so-called verb-noun category, i.e., 'Examine Stairs' or 'Lift Carpet'.

The direction movement is achieved by typing-in the first letter of the appropriate compass bearing, i.e., (N)orth.

The four-page instruction manual is clear and helpful.

Full details are given of how to make a back-up, the Basic commands, general advice to new adventurers and a very important introduction. It must be read thoroughly as clues are contained in its text.

". Reckless, seeking only fame, fortune and adventure,

beneath the following words appear, written in a strange ancient script:

"The Bonnie Lassie O' Inversnoddie has disappeared. A huge reward has been offered for her safe recovery; lured by this and the tales of her legendary beauty, you come at last to grim MacSporran Castle. . ."

Information:

Program: MacSporran's Lament

Price: £8 disc or Microdrive Supplier: Services. Cwm Gwen Hall, Pencader. Dyfed, Wales SA39 9HA. Tel: 055934 574



The distance.

Here, as we see:

Here, as we see:

Here, as we see:

Here te ips to

The visit and droughly diving room is dominated by the long labour set for supper. The silver shines of diy. In the chill air the chandelier time es about the table. A door leads to the kitcher and snother to the Great Hall.

Here, you can see:

Here becipulin the corner of the room.

you ride the moorland wilds north of the great Glens and snow-mantled peaks of the high Bens. This is Scotland in the year 1745, a wild, savage country, its inhabitants no more hospitable than the peat bogs of rough heather and scree. Clan wages war on clan and a lonely traveller like yourself is fair game to any.

Bagpipes

From the moment you start the Adventure your attention is grabbed. First you hear the sound of bagpipes playing a sorrowful lament; then the opening scene, drawn in the top third of the screen, shows the silhouette of a grim castle and enter each new location a fresh picture is quickly drawn on your screen, adding greatly to the atmosphere and enjoyment

"Wandering through the rooms, four upstairs, four down, and a Tower, admiring the shields and swords on the stately walls, all seems very quiet; but the silence is deceptive and curious things keep taxing the mind. Ghostly hands touch you and whisk you to underground locations. Secret doors open - only to the correct command - and grim warnings appear when you linger in certain places

"Why, when I pull the broken Bellpull, do I hear the ghostly lament?"

"What is the significance of

the portrait of the 'Laird of Auchtermidden'?"

"Why can I not wear the kilt of the dress MacSporran?"

"Should I play the "Pipes of Ewan MacCrummock"

I confess that soldom have 1 been so intrigued with such an original adventure, perhaps also the first in Scottish? As each scene is displayed on the screen, I find myself marvelling at the amount of thought and ingenuity the family Watson has put into the script. Instead of the usual bland "I do not understand Lift", when you have entered a word not in the volcabulary this computer replies, . . . "Lift" is a word I dinna ken!" In fact, the whole adventure is beautifully lifted with Scottish phrases and descriptions

Although humour is present throughout the scenario, 1 assure you that solving this adventure is not child's play. If anything, when I started, I was deceived by the apparent simplicity of the whole plot. Do not be fooled as I was, for the authors have put much thought into creating an intriguing and absorbing puzzle.

I have visited almost all the 60 or so locations but have not solved all the traps and mysteries, for this is a very deep and thought-provoking adventure. All in all, a first-class piece of writing which will give great pleasure to all those who enjoy "Escaping to far-off Lands"

John Shaw straps on his sporran and heads for the highlands.

and produced at a very reasonable price.

I have found no bugs or errors, so it seems that the family Watson has done its homework and produced a very professional package. It will run on 128K or expanded machines

I have not as yet found the "Bonnie Lassie" but make no mistake, I shall.

hings are pietty dodgy abroad the Gilache Federation Space Base After piodding through the galaxies where no QI has pieded before our ship has pieked out a likely so ar system for us to try for size. Unfortunately when we woke from our two milhon-year cryogenic sleep we found that critical damage had occurred to the ship during our long theat from Lurth.

The Space Base is Jangeroasly short of moroinsain, the
precious mineral essential to
the He support systems gover
ifor There is only sufficient to
tast a few fass, or at most a
week Naturally is Commanter I am going hoorder some
pair moror to Indimore raoro
num to pat his life on the line
for the rest of us 10 000 clew
members, but who to send hal
in the said Criffed explor
tery craft? What about that
string with the long back
ant que computer.

Yes viarruessed to It saon So be ins voar mission in Alan Pemberton's new adventure game Marphod

The first th me with which to come to terms in this deligation game sithe fact that it is condirect type due affew keys space but of poystics, all commands are effected by So exting one of the symbolis in the representation and wir dow Although this system perhaps reduces the complexity of the game it has the advantage of enviring that every command is executable. There is none of the mitation associated with responses from traditional parsers like "I don't under stand les some different

One soon becomes adopt it choosing to choosing to chooning and The next thing is the way in which the object of some commands is high ighted in the text window. FIRE AT illows you to note through the location description until you light on a likely target. In the case of minipulating objects, after the command legal ACTIVATE, the available items are scrolled through one by one until your reach the object you wont.

The command IHROW takes this method one stage further by requiring first the object to be thrown from the ast and then the fext window target at which to lob the chosen dem. If this sounds



Hyperdrive and icon-drive come to David Watson's aid in the depth of space.







Information:

Program, Storplod

Price: 28 (£6. I you supply modia pers p&p) menades manuae

Source: CGH Services Cwm Gwei Hall Pencader Dyfed \$430 9HA Tel 385034 874

Ciptain's Log Standard Phonoin's

complicated do not worry. In practice it is simple and neat

Above the text window are two mere displays. The one on the right gives information on exits from the current location and shows what objects are present and what objects are held. On Hyperdrive it also shows the solar system, to the cett is the eraphical display of sour where the its and matry little pictures they are too. I like particularly the effect when one Hyperdrives to a new location.

So how do you go about setting the required in rome, more because you will not be illowed back on board the Speec Base and you have the dained stuff—this purficular solar system contains live parnets to which you will have to Hyperdrive. Once in what to and a planet you transport down of h surface. I sime or does the Trinspale sook sespiciously like a Bij. Mex.

Be warned Some princts are tohospicable places. If cut is down to pett up hord of the avirable objects and finding exactive white you are supposed to do with them. The game allows for Sove and R misave and this is particularly to settle because you will almost see tainly be supped at east a few times or your danger trangit expedition.

Starpfod is a charming game, well thought out and contain tag much of the wholesical hum our which is the ha lmark of Pemberton's work. One of the objects is a priver mat Irving to UIII ISE it will in most axes return with "There is no Divine response. As a piece of programming, Starpand is very elegant. Perhaps the inclusion of seand might have added another dimen-sion My only real cribeism is that I found it a little easy and the pleasure was over all too soon. At £8 you will have to trek or plad far to find compa-



Bryan Davies glances at some contenders, fixes Trump Card lock-ups and explains overseas subscriptions.

he Digital Precision MS-DOS emulator was delayed somewhat by problems with MS-DOS. Version 4.00, which supplier Microsoft has apparently been selling, has received several bad reviews in PC magazines and looks to be too full of bugs to be safe to use. Version 4.01 should be out now and this is what DP hopes to ship with the "chocolate" version of its emulator.

The £50 difference in price between this and the "vanilla" version is due to the cost of Microsoft MS-DOS 4.01 which has the full MS documentation — good value, as it seems unlikely that 4.01 will self for as little as this from the usual PC suppliers.

The vanilla version can be used by those who already have a copy of MS-DOS; the emulator has been tested with a variety of earlier versions, such as 2.10 and 3.30. For users who wish to swap work between QL and PC, the program provides the facility to read/write to DOS-format discs.

The upgraded Flashback was targeted for release in March-April. The report generator module follows. The beta test version has some other significant enhancements from the original version. text⁸⁷ version 2.0 has been released; this is now a mature program which can be used for serious work and incorporates features usually found only in much more expensive programs — or not found at all.

The modification to Trump Card mentioned previously as a potential cure for lock-ups seems to work well. Miracle Systems has been making the modification from some time and reports good results; I have tried it on two Trumps with success It is simple to do but only for those who are good with a small soldering iron, as it involves putting resistors piggyback across existing ones.

Do not try it unless you are proficient with the soldering iron, because there are several very fine PCB tracks and the legs

of an integrated circuit in the vicinity; you might join the wrong points and ruin the Card

At the top right end of the PCB — seen from above when in its normal orientation to the QL — there is a small IC with a row of eight resistors alongside it on the left. The resistors are 560ohms each and are touching each other; the right ends of the resistors are very close to the left-hand row of legs of the IC. If in any doubt about which resistors are meant, do not attempt the modification.

What has to be done is to solder an 8200hm resistor across each of the eight existing 5600hm resistors. The values of the existing resistors are being reduced by putting a similar-sized resistor in parallel with each one. If you do not feel sure about making this modification, contact Miracle Systems direct.

It has been pointed out that using the Toolkit command RJOB 0,0,0 does not "kill" SuperBasic but merely produces the message "not complete", effectively ignoring the command. What I had in mind when writing about RJOB was the related command SPJOB 0,0,0. The latter reduces the priority of SB to 0; with my setup at least, this appears to make SB inaccessible, because the input line has gone. The only way I know then to get SB back is to re-set the machine

Buffering

A reader has asked for details of the necessary connections to enable several devices to be plugged into the 64-pin expansion port. He was hoping to fit several similar conectors in parallel with the existing one but was advised that some form of buffering is required. I could not answer the questions properly; perhaps other readers would write with explanations of what is required?

Does a multi-way expansion device have to be buffered? Another reader says that SPEC sells an unbuffered device which works well. Do all versions of QL suffer from the fault that only one ROM device connected to the expansion port is recognised, rather than the 16 specified?

Are all 16 ROM slots taken up when the Trump Card is fitted and is it then impossible to connect anything other than disc drives? The Miracle hard disc unit connects to the ROM port and a Trump Card will still function as usual in the 64-pin slot when the hard disc is connected.

You may not have noticed that com-

mercial programs are supplied on discs which have the write-protect tab in the "write enable" position; it is good practice to move the tab to the "write protect" position as a first action when the disc is received, in case subsequent actions cause a drive to attempt deletion of files on the disc.

MCS Interface

Mort Binstock writes from the U.S. to offer a solution for those users — e.g., C. Roger Fernando — of the MCS interface who have problems using programs such as Super Media Manager and DiscOVER. The problem in this case is the lack of the direct sector addressing facility in the interface. MCS has a utility routine which adds the facility — it can be put into a boot program. Whether or not this is freely available I do not know but the address to contact is given in the information

A. R. Fuller has had a variety of problems using the ANT MS-DOS emulator version 1.0; if any other readers have bought this software we would appreciate comment on it. A quotation supplied from the brief instructions with the program suggests that the author is inviting users to obtain "pirate" copies of MS-DOS, which is not a practice we can support. Given the size of Microsoft, and the fact that U.S. software companies are jealous about their propnetary rights, it is also asking for trouble. It is understood that a version 2 of the program is being worked

Replies have not been received to queries sent to various suppliers in the last few months. Among them are ABC Elektronic — re Cornez Pierre and Schoen—re Henri Hulet. Perhaps these suppliers would now like to comment on the problems experienced by those readers?

Subscriptions

R. Gilbert from Nova Scotia asks why the charges for software are higher to overseas buyers than to U.K. ones and quotes figures to suggest they should be lower. I do not think the reasons can be made fully clear to anyone who has not been in the business of sending goods overseas. The fact is that sending goods overseas is much less simple than sending them in the U.K. and the administra-

tive cost, largely staff time, is much greater. While you can put a personal airmail letter into a local postbox and it will not cost much more than a local first-class letter, commercial packages have to be taken to a Post Office and forms filled in. If you are VAT-registered it is necessary to have all packages listed on a Post Office form or you are liable to have difficulty with the VAT people, especially if a package is returned, when you can be charged for it.

Despatch

The reason for some suppliers not deducting anything from the price of software to allow for no VAT being charged is not that they want to pocket the VAT but that they are making an effective increase in the price of the goods to cover some of the extra cost of despatching them.

To suggest, as Gilbert does, that postage charges for sending packages overseas are small is wide of the mark in many cases. To take the extreme, there is no way instruction manuals of the size Digital Precision supplies with its software can be sent for the normal basic postal charge; the cost is likely to be pounds rather than pence.

The reasons for magazines like QL World costing so much more overseas are rather different. The print trade has its own agreements round the world and publishers will not supply magazines direct to readers at a price lower than that charged by their agents in the countries concerned. The cover prices of magazines are normally much higher in foreign currency so, inevitably, the subscription costs will be higher, too.

Because there are fewer people concerned with the QL in a country other than in the U.K., sales will be low whatever price is charged for a magazine and, as with shipping software, the administrative cost will be appreciably higher.

INFORMATION

MCS Interface: Micro Control Systems, Electron House, Sandiacre, Nottingham NG10 5BA. Tel: 0602 391201.

Palantair Products software is now handled by Rob-Roy Software, 94 Teignmouth Road, Clevedon, Avon BS21 608

MS-DOS emulator: Digital Precision, 222 The Avenue, Chingford, London E4 9SE. Tel: 01-527 5493

Trump Card: Miracle Systems, 20 Mowbarton, Yate, Bristol BS17 5NF. Tel: 0454 317772.

text⁸⁸ VERSION 2.00 STATE OF THE ART IN QL SOFTWARE

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See the reviews in QL World (Apri.) or Quanta (March). Send for our free leaflet if you need more information.

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Software⁸⁷

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text⁸⁷



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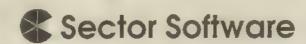
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"IT's a Funny Thing" is a collection of stories, anecdotes, witticisms, drawings and cartoons with the common theme of Information Technology.

Contributions come from the rich, successful and famous - and not. They come from IT users and organisations for computer professionals as well as suppliers of hardware and software. They are company Chairmen, Managing Directors... Consultants, Programmers and Analysts. Some have chosen (possibly needed) to remain anonymous. They have given their best one-liners, favourite after dinner stories and illustrated humour. And they've given freely.

"IT's a Funny Thing" has been produced at cost all the way from the admin, to the artists, to the typesetters, to the printers. Nobody apart from The Wishing Well Appeal is making a penny. Even the space for this ad has been donated free by the publication.

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Ron Massey picks up a mixed postbag.

·PSIO

eaching into the bottom of the mailbag. I discovered some backdated correspondence which, much to my embarrassment, had been neglected With the possibility that other readers may have had similar problems — and in the hope that the original correspondents have long since had their problems solved — we open this edition of Psion Solutions.

A Psion Solutions reader has asked if there is any way to disable Quill page numbering Within certain limitations — mainly a maximum starting page number of 254 — Quill page numbering is flexible.

Users are offered the options of Arabic (1, 2, 3), Roman (I, II, III) or alphabet (a, b, c) page numbering. Numbering may be positioned, with optional additional text, in the header, footer, or both. If used, headers and footers will be printed on each page of a document and may, for example, consist of: My doc; Page nnn of 100

Quill offers four options for header and footer positioning — centre, right, none and left. Writing single-page documents which includes superfluous page numbering can be a nuisance but the Quill numbering can be switched off

Defaulting to no header and a footer consisting of page nnn, switching the footer off can be done sequentially by pressing <F3>, <F>, <SPA-CE> (twice). The footer will be set to NONE. Press <ENTER> and you will be back into your document.

Another reader asks if there is a way to delete forced page breaks. To force a page break, press <F3> <0> <P> <P> The page break will occur at the line immediately below the cursor position.

To delete a page break, move the cursor to the first line following a page break and then up one line. If the cursor stops on the line it is a forced page break and can be deleted by pressing CTRL and the left cursor key.

A fellow Canon PW1080 printer enthusiast has written with two rather odd problems. His Canon is fitted with an internal serial interface; he does not say whether it was supplied by Canon or is of third-party manufacture. The version of printer software was not specified.

The first problem occurs with printing Quill documents. After printing about one-third of a page of text, the printer prints "Overrun error" and scrambles the remaining text

The second problem, this time with Easel, prevents a complete dump being made without reducing the dump to near unintelligibility. He adds that the "space invader rubbish" is delayed depending whether or not DIP switch 2-3 is on or off. This DIP switch defines whether the 3K input buffer is set as an additional character buffer or as a PCG

The problem described could possibly be attributable to either or both of two sources. The first and most suspect may be the interface an may be indicating timing or baud rate problems.

I had a similar problem with my external serial-to-parallel interface some time ago which would infrequently and unpredictably drop characters from a line of text. It also had the annoying habit of adding characters spontaniously to a graphics dump. Changing the interface cured the problem.

Graphics

With regard to the second possibility, try altering the settings of SW3-1 and SW3-4 to their original factory settings of ON and OFF respectively. SW3-1 sets the Canon to internal fixed Select mode, when on, SW3-4 selects either automatic linefeed, when on, or a linefeed on a linefeed signal only, when off. If that does not work, try setting the two switches in each of their four possible permutations.

SW3-6W3-4
OFF OFF
ON OFF (factory setting)
OFF ON

Another printer problem; this reader wants to convert GPRINT_prt so that it will print through ser2. Modifying any binary file is simple but always requires that you know the exact position in the file what you want to alter is located. My GPRINT_prt file is 510 bytes long. I mention this only because other versions of the graphics dump may have been supplied by Psion.

Since the graphics printer dumps are not supplied with version numbers this may be the easiest but not most accurate way to find if your GPRINT is the same as mine. Before you start, copy GPRINT_prt to the same drive — or a RAM disc — under another name. COPY mdv1_GPRINT_prt to mdv1_GPRINT will work for the purpose

There are two ways to modify machine code files. If you have The Editor, load GPRINT_prt with the RU command. The sole occurence of SER1 appears on line two, column 81. Change the "1" to a "2" and write the file back to a drive. I hasten to add you should do this with a back-up copy only.

The second method works just as well but relies on your GPRINT_prt being the same as mine. In sequence, type-in the following commands in SuperBasic

a=RESPR(600);
LBYTES mdv1_GPRINT_
prt,a
DELETE
mdv1_GPRINT_prt
(Do the latter with a backup only).

This will load the file into a specified area of memory. To modify it, type:

POKE a+273,50 SBYTES mdv1__GPRINT __prt,a,510

To see if your modification has been successful, type. COPY drive_GPRINT_prt to scr

SER should appear onscreen in line five, column

```
100 MODE 4 : CLS
110 REMark IF You have a
120 REMark disk interface
130 FORMAT RAMS_3
140 COPY dv$&"printer_dat"
150 PRINT "1. Quill"
160 PRINT "2. Archive"
170 PRINT "3. Abacus"
180 PRINT "4. Easel"
190 REPeat main_lp
200 kev=CODE(INKEY$)
210 SELect ON key
       = 49 : Prep_psi : p
220
230
       = 50 | Prep_psi | p
240
       # 51 1 Prep_psi 4 p
250
       = 52 | Prep_psi | t p
260 END SELect : END REPea
270 EXEC_W "flp1_" & progs
280 STOP
290 I
300 DEfine PROCedure Prep_
      CLOSE#1 | CLOSE#2
310
      WINDOW#0,400,20,35,2
320
      OPEN#1,"con' : OPEN#
330
340
     END DEFine
```

A simple boot for new disc users.

seven and should now be followed by 2. If the "2" appears anywhere else, your dump is different from mine and the easiest way to obtain your file position is to copy the GPRINT_prt file to the screen (scr) again and count the number of characters from the beginning of the file to the character following SER.

Once you have obtained the character position, modify the POKE a + 273.50 to POKE a + actual_position,50. Try making a dump from ser2 using the modified routine

A reader has upgraded his system to disc drives and RAM expansion and wishes to transfer his programs to his new system. There are several ways this can be done, including using the mdv emulation feature included with most new disc systems — i.e., flp_use mdv

Drive emulation, while useful for some requirements, defeats the purpose of upgrading. The easiest way to make a permanent conversion to a disc system is to spend a little time organising your files. The best way is determined only by

Y-SOLUTIONS.

M disk on your coolkit:

O RAM8_printer_dat

g\$="Quill" (EXIT main_lp g\$="Archive" : EXIT main_lp g\$="Abacus" (EXIT main_lp g\$="Easel" (EXIT main_lp main_lp

Hcon"

how you prefer to work but here is a starter

- 1. Format a disc.
- Type-in the foregoing listing and save it to the disc with the filename BOOT. If you are using DP Lightning, save the above as Boot2 and use the Lightning bootmaker utility to make your BOOT. As you add programs to your applications disc you will probably want to add more features to this simple program, such as setting the date and time for date-stamping your files.
- Using the normal "copy mdv1_filename TO flp1_filename" procedure, copy the following files from cartridge to your newly-formatted disc.

Quill, Archive, Easel, Abacus and one copy each of Config_bas, Install_dat, Printer_dat, Install_bas and GPRINT_prt

Optionally, you can copy the following:

Quil__HOB, Archive_hob, Easel_hob and Abacus_hob

Since the _hob files take up a fair amount of disc

space, copy them only if you use them. If the program does not find the file when you press <F1> it will say so and allow you to continue.

- After re-setting your QL, run
 Config_bas.
- You will be asked for the new default locations of three files

System files (Help) — Enter flp1_

Printer data — printer__dat file: Enter RAM8__

Data files — Drive to save to: Enter flp2__

 Follow the screen prompts and, after each program in turn has been configured, go back to SuperBasic and type "GOTO 1". This will restart the process and you can configure the next Psion program.

A Spanish reader would like to know if it is possible to alter the prompts of his U.K. version of Quill to Spanish. He has been advised correctly that Quill cannot be used for the purpose. The answer is, within limits, yes; Quill or any program can easily be modified in this way.

Using Quill as a binary editor will not work. For one thing, Quill displays only the printable characters from the QL font set. For another, attempting to import Quill into Quill via the IMPORT option will load correctly only the first seven bytes.

Making alterations to any binary file — In this case a machine code program — is fairly simple. A great deal of care must be taken not to alter the program and, because you have no accurate indication in the file which prompts are used for which commands, you may have to do some of the modification by trial and error.

A long-winded way of altering the prompts, one which requires a great deal of time and patience, is to write a SuperBasic program which will POKE new values into a memory-resident file. The procedure is outlined for GPRINT _prt. Since Quill is about 57K in length this

method will require a great deal of counting and more than a little luck

The safest way of altering a binary file of any kind is to load the file into an editor - not Quill. As a rule of thumb you can usually modify any text strings you can read. There are two inflexible rules you can violate only at the risk of your program - ensure that the editor is in over-strike mode as opposed to insert mode - this will help prevent violating rule 2. Under no circumstances try to increase the length of the word you are modifying doing so will usually destroy the program.

Because of rule 2, any Spanish words which are longer than their English equivalents will have to be abbreviated. Conversely, any words which are shorter can be followed by spaces up to and including the last character of the English word. For that reason I do not recommend making global substitutions with an editor's SEARCH/REPLACE function.

Provided these two rules are observed scrupulously, almost any machine program can be modified in this way. Since I normally use Condensed and Italics, instead of super- or sub-script, I have altered the normal Quill prompts.

Once you have completed the alterations, write the program back to a file under another name and run it. Check through the various commands and options to ensure that the displayed prompts are what was intended and to check that the program is still entirely functional.

Once satisfied that all is at it should be, delete Quill from the disc/cartridge — a back-up copy, of course — and rename your modified file.

I have received several letters, all with the same fatal problem — "Error 103 — Wrong file type." Files which return this error are permanently corrupted and no media recovery system will be of use because the problem is not caused by media corruption

but, instead, by Archive corrupting the data.

Because of the way Archive manipulates files, unless your media is write-protected, Archive files are corrupted as soon as you OPEN the file and make any kind of alteration to it. To this I can say only that, as a continuing operation procedure to help prevent this problem, you can do two things. Never OPEN a file unless you intend to alter it. Instead, always input the LOOK command. Also it is a good idea to get into the habit always of issuing the CLOSE command, even if you are only LOOKing. Also, make pack-ups frequently. If, as can sometimes happen, your QL hangs, you will have to re-enter the data only for the most recent time period. The only hope for recovering most if not all of the records in such a file is to use the PDQL Recover.

Two readers are involved in writing massive documents and have asked if it is possible to overcome the Quill 254-page limit. The answer is no. The problem is that Quill will not accept a starting page number greater than 254 but will continue to increment from that figure if a document starts there.

To test this, I set the start page at 254 and typed-in a long paragraph and did a block copy until I ran out of memory — 640K at the time. Quill continued to increment page numbering to something around 640.

If you wish to use Quill for writing novels or a lengthy thesis the most practical solution is either to page number in sections or chapters and organise the document so that the last section starts at page 255.

A Belgian reader wishes to have five or 10 more translates than Quill normally provides to use with a wide range of accented characters. Provided bold, underline, sub- and super-script are not required, each of the four pairs of switches can be used as character translate functions, giving access to eight more.

MIRACLE SYSTEMS

North St. Usar

Show Show

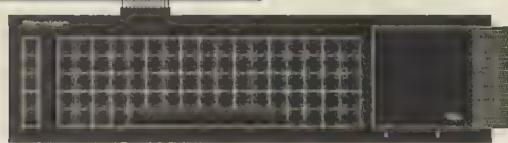




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NETWORKING

wish that I had learned how easy networking is. I run a Magistrates' Court. I needed to introduce word processing and other desk-top office facilities. When colleagues were choosing the conventional route of obtaining the IBM PC or clones, I decided to go the inexpensive way by obtaining several Sinclair QLs and scattering them round the office.

At first I had one to which initially I interfaced a Brother daisywheel typewriter via an IF50 serial interface. I soon added 256K memory expansion and a double 3 5in. disc drive and obtained a Seikosha SP1000A NLQ dot matrix printer.

A second 512K machine was soon added. Printing initially was achieved by



spooling prints to a Microdrive and transferring that to the machine with the printer. At that point I discovered a useful trick. Since a QL to which no printer is attached will lock up if, in Quill, you opt inadvertently to print a file to "printer", it is important to ensure that all print files are spooled.

That can be guaranteed by using Install—bas to install a "parallel or non-standard" printer and declaring the device to be, say, "Mdv2_prt_lis". If such a file does not exist an attempt to print to "printer" will not hang up the machine but will return the error "Cannot open file", if the file exists it will be over-written.

Despite those fairly primitive arrangements, the demand among my staff for machines on which to work grew. I added an Epson laser printer to improve the quality of output while saving the cost of obtaining printed stationery. I also bought two more 512K workstations, another of which had a disc interface and a double disc drive — one 3.5in. and one 5.25in.

THE QL

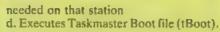
John Davies has put QL networking into practice in earnest. He describes his experience.

On each machine I had Taskmaster and on the working Taskmaster medium I renamed the "Boot" file as "tBoot" and added a boot file of my own — see below. This was designed to make life as easy as possible for my office staff. What it does is:

- a. Installs Ramdisc software.
- b. Formats a Ramdisc.
- c. Copies to that Ramdisc "printer__dat" and any standard letterheads, spreadsheets or other files which would be

also had one disadvantage; if one used the same medium more than once to transfer data between the same two machines without re-formatting, one could find that the receiving machine did not recognise the existence of files added since the medium was last inserted in that particular drive. Nothing disastrous would happen but it could be irritating to have to to take the directory of a different cartridge before being able to access the files one wanted

I began to look where I would go when the supply of QLs eventually dried up. Would I be able to add Thors to my setup? If I wanted to include the driveless workstation I would clearly have to look at networking. I made enquiries and was advised that all I needed was Toolkut II by



Taskmaster loaded on each 512K machine one version of Quill, two of Abacus — sharing Code — and one of Archive. On non-disc drive machines this was set up so that Quill and Archive were loaded from mdv2_ and Abacus — together with the Taskmaster utility programs — from mdv1_ to make life as easy as possible; the user had only to feed named media alternately into mdv1_ and mdv2_ as each drive stopped running.

Config_bas was used to set up the Psion programs to look for System Information i.e., printer_dat and data—i.e., def_tmp—on Ram1_there be relieving the pressure on the Microdrives.

At that stage my two-storey office had two machines on each floor. On one floor the machines are linked by Quadraprint and share the laser printer. Downstars there was one machine with the Serkosha and one which still spooled its prints to Microdrive.

Using Quadraprint required a degree of co-operation, since if both stations tried to print together they were not queued but the printer got both signals and printed gibberish until it became too confused and locked up. It soon became normal to hear cries of "Printer free?" "O.K." echoing round the office.

The spooling of prints to Microdrive



Tony Tebby supplied by OJump. I enquired and discovered that I would need the ROM version since RAM is not fast enough to support networking. I ordered three, since I was, at the same time, upgrading the machine with 256K additional RAM by giving it a 640K Trump Card which includes Toolkit II

When they arrived I set two machines down side by side. I connected them by one of the short network cables provided with the QL. I plugged Toolkit II into each of the ROM ports and, after a brief pause to read the instructions I went to one machine and typed-in:

NET 1 <ENTER> — the SuperBasic command which gives the machine its network identity and

FSERVE <ENTER> — a Toolkit II program which enables the machine to act as a fileserver.

I put a Microdrive in mdv1_ and went to the other machine. At the other machine I typed:

NET 2 <ENTER>
NFS_USE
MDV,N1_MDV1_,N1_MDV2_
<ENTER> — a Toolkit II function
which re-directs devices through the
network.

I then typed in:

DIR MDVI__ <ENTER>

To my delight — and I confess surprise — mdvl _ on the first machine whirred and its directory appeared on the monitor attached to the machine on which I was working. I then loaded Quill successfully through the network, although at first I thought it had failed because there was a fairly long pause after the Microdrive had stopped whirring before the opening screen appeared. Those who are accustomed to load these programs from floppy disc will find that it takes much longer to do so through the network. The time is very comparable to loading from Microdrive.

The first thing to do was to install some



wiring. I was able to do it very cheaply; 100 metres of loudspeaker wire from a hifi shop cost £15 — 20 pence per metre less 25 percent and eight 3.5mm, jack plugs cost only a few pence each. Loudspeaker wire is recommended since it is low-impedance, twin-core wire like bell wire, recommended in the QL manual but it has in addition a black line marking one core; this is important, since polarity must be maintained between the machines.

A few minutes with a pair of wire strippers and a soldering iron at each end and the job was done; the most time-consuming job was finding ways into the hollow skirting and over the suspended ceiling. Inside the jack plugs one connection was long and one short. I wired the core with the black (L)ine to the (L)ong connection.

Once I had the four machines connected I began to learn a few things about how to set up the network. First I had a disappointment. I had hoped to have on each remote machine nothing more than a

small Boot program along the following lines
10 NET n
20 NFS_USE flp,nl_flp1,nl_flp2_,
n2_flp1_,n2_flp2_ etc
30 FSERVE
40 LRUN flp1_tBoot

I tried this and found that the copy protection of Taskmaster prevented it being executed through the network. Attempts to do so resulted in the "This copy was not produced from a Master copy" error. It was therefore clear that all the Taskmaster files would continue to have to be on a device physically present at each machine. Fortunately I discovered that a working copy of Taskmaster can be made through the network, so it is not necessary to go to a machine which has both a flp and an mdv to create on the latter a working Taskmaster copy.

Then I discovered two things about NFS_USE. First I found, in attempting to achieve consistency in how devices were addressed from any machine, that it is not possible to include a machine's own drives in the paramaters. If you were to attempt the following:

NFS_USE f1p,f1p1__,f1p2__,n2__ f1p1__,n2__f1p2__

attempts to save to f1p3_or f1p4_would save successfully on station 2 but attempts

to use flp1_ or flp2_ would be unsuccessful; one's own floppy drives would be inaccessible from one's own machine.

Fortunately, however, the device names given do not need to be actual devices so it is possible to use, e.g., Dev (for Device) or Rem (for Remote). So a machine which has its own floppies and Microdrives can load and save from/to Dev1_to Dev8__flp1_ and flp2_ and mdv1_ and mdv2_.

One thing you cannot do is achieve a situation where you have one set of network devices called, say, Dev1_ to Dev8_ and, at the same time on the same machine, another set called Rem1_ to Rem8_. The second use of NFS_USE would wipe out the first set. It is possible however, to have up to eight network devices and they can include 'directory' devices:

Dev1__ can be n1__f1p1__ Dev2__ n1__f1p2__lad__ Dev3__ pn1__f1p2__abc__

Myfile_doc saved to Dev2_ would be saved on Station 1, f1p2_ as jad_myfile_doc and if saved to Dev3_ it would be saved on the same medium but as abc_myfile_doc.

I have taken advantage of this to try to limit the extent that the media get 'silted up' with old unwanted files. On each station, except the file server, Dev3_ and Dev4_ are set as n1_flp2_sN_wc_ and n1_flp2_sN_mo_ respectively. In these assignments 'N' is replaced by the Station number. The result is that if myfile_doc is saved on dev3_ from station 2 and a file of the same name is saved on dev4_ from station 5, the directory of station 1, flp2_ will be found to contain.

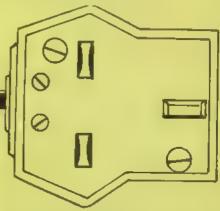
S2_we_myfile_doc s5_mo_myfile_doc

The intentions are that:

a. Dev3_ should be used for very temporary material required to be retained for only a (we)ek and Dev4_ for slightly longer-lived material retained for only a (mo)nth. Further, since these files would also be sub-divided by the station from which they were saved, it will be possible to check with the 'owners' before deleting material.

b. Each station should be able to save and over-write files without fear of destroying someone else's work.

Let us suppose that a network of four



QLs has two printers, one a dot matrix printer and one a laser printer, both with serial interfaces and attached physically to stations 1 and 2 respectively. Each printer will require two printer drivers, the files called printer_dat, one with ser1_ as the device and the other (created by using the parallel or non-standard option in install_bas) with nN_ser1_ as the device name where N equals 1 or 2 depending on which printer is attached to which station.

Clearly those four files cannot all be saved on the main file server under the same name and so I give them mnemonic names:

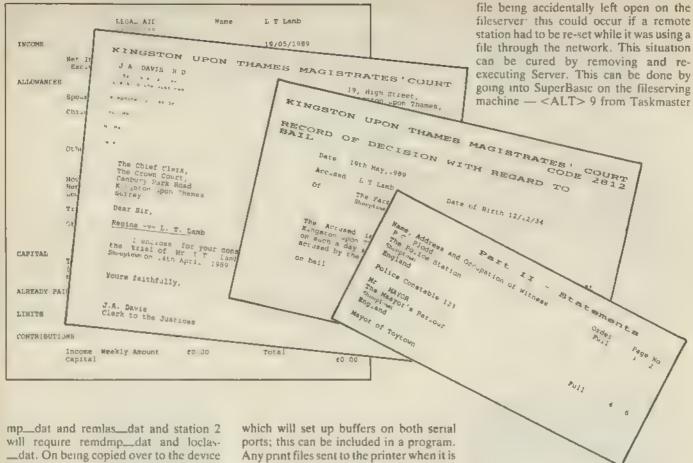
remlas_dat — for the laser printer accessed through the net

loclas_dat — for the laser printer accessed directly

remdmp_dat — for the dot matrix printer through the net

locdmp__dat — for the dot matrix printer directly accessed.

Each station will require two of these files available to it. Stations 3 and 4 will each require remlas_dat and remd-mp_dat, station 1 will require locd-



mp_dat and remlas_dat and station 2 will require remdmp_dat and loclas_dat. On being copied over to the device which has been set by Config_bas as the 'system information' device (I use Ramt_) one of these two programs will need to be re-named — using the rename function in Toolkit II — to printer_dat This should be the 'default' printer, i.e. the one which that station will normally use

When in use, output can be diverted to a different printer by re-naming printerdat as something else and re-naming the spare' printer driver as printer_dat, if you are using Taskmaster or SuperBasic. This will be made particularly easy if the names you use differ only in the last letter, e.g., 'printer_dat', printer_dat1' and 'printer_datd'. If you are using one of the Psion quartet by itself the same can be achieved by copying printer_dat to a different name, using Files Backup, and the copying the 'spare' printer driver to printer_dat over-writing the former file.

Earlier when dealing with the use of Quadraprint I explained how it was necessary to ensure that two stations did not try to use the printer at the same time.

No problem

With the network this is no problem. If an attempt is made to send output to a printer which is in use the error "cannot open file" will be returned. Even this can be avoided by setting up a printer buffer on each machine to which a printer is directly attached. This is done with the command.

prt_use ser.ser.ser

which will set up buffers on both serial ports; this can be included in a program. Any print files sent to the printer when it is in use will be queued in memory until the printer is free. A revised version of my boot program:

a. establishes network devices

b. copies various 'standard' files, including printer drivers, through the network

c. Sets up printer buffers and

d. executes Taskmaster

On a machine which has Trump Card or any other expansion which contains Toolkit II rather than having Toolkit II in the ROM slot, this will need to start with an extra line.

1 TK2_EXT

to 'switch on' Toolkit II

Toolkit II includes a program, Server, which must be executed on any machine which is to act as a fileserver. In practice I tend to execute it at every station so that, if desired, files can be transferred between any pair of devices anywhere in the system in either direction. This program is executed by the command "FSERVE", which once again may be included in a program.

Care must be taken as to when precisely it is executed since, if there are any programs which make use of the RESPR() SuperBasic Function, Server cannot be running when the function is called. As a result, I leave it as late as possible and include it in the Taskmaster boot program, re-named as tBoot, immediately before the line which EXECs Taskmaster.

Network problems may be caused by a

- and executing the following direct commands.

RJOB Server FSERVE

This will generally restore the situation.

On one occasion one of my staff went to a remote station which was printing a lengthy document from Archive during which my secretary had 'queued' three letters in the buffer. Thinking that the remote machine had 'frozen' for some reason, she re-set it. The printer stopped; nothing came out. I did RJOB Server, FSERVE and out came my secretary's three letters; the system is remarkably resilient.

Extravagant

There is only one potential area of difficulty and this concerns Quill This program had a working file 'def_tmp' held on the device configured by Config_bas for Data. Thought must be given as to what device to use so that different copies of Basic at different stations in the network are not all trying to use the same file. One way this could be done would be to have a variety of differently-configured Quills, one for each station. At about 53K of disc space a time this is a comparatively extravagant way of doing it. Two more sensible methods would be

a. Configure Quill so that the data files are held on a device which is accessed directly from each machine e.g., Raml_, and not through the network from a shared medium or

b. Configure Quill so that def_tmp is held on, say, Dev4_ and use nfs_use to ensure that at each station Dev4_ is a different directory device, e.g., nl_flpl_sN_ where N is the station number.

If it is desired to multi-task two versions of Quilt on the same machine there is no option but to have two differently-configured versions of the program — Quill and Quill2 — holding their data files on different devices. This is a limitation which applies only to Quill and not to Abacus, Archive or Easel. I have not tried this but it may be possible to get away with two similarly-configured versions of Quill, possibly code sharing in Taskmaster if one is used for background printing of saved files so that it never has to access def-tmp.

There is a limit to how long a directory device name you can assign by nfs_use; the limit seems to be reached with about two levels of 'sub-directory', e.g., n1_win1_s3_mo_ is about as far as you can go. If care is taken in thinking the file structure in advance this should be adequate.

There is some inconsistency between what is acceptable to the Psion suite and to Taskmaster. In the following examples I assume that nfs_use has been employed to ensure that:

Dev1__ is n1__f1p1__
Dev2__ is n1__f1p2__
Dev3__ is n1__f1p1__s3__we__
Dev4__ is n1__f1p1__s3__mo__

The Psion suite will not accept as a valid filename anything which does not begin with a pattern like "AAAnn_" where A respresents a letter and n a number. In consequence, an attempt to load, say, 'n1_flp1_s3_mo_myfile_doe' will be rejected with the error report "Not a valid Quill file." Fortunately, however, the suite of programs will accept 'Dev4_myfile_doe' and load 'myfile_doe' correctly from the directory device 'n1_flp1_s3_mo_".

Taskmaster works a little differently. As the "From" device it will accept either the form "nl_flpl_" or the form "Devl_". For the device name, however, it clearly reads no further than this and whether one selects Devl_. Dev3_ or Dev4_, one gets the same complete list of files listed on nl_flpl_ hsted as, for example:

QUILL
remlas_dat
s3_we_myfile_doc
s4_spread_aba
s5_mo_mylet_doc

This list can be narrowed only to the directory device dev3_ by selecting files

This list can be narrowed only to the directory device, dev3_by selecting files which contain "s3_we_" in their titles Since Taskmaster does not permit two string searches simultaneously this is a regrettable limitation.

It can also be a little confusing since, if one is using Liskmaster, say, to remove some unwanted files, the use of a directory device dev3_ or dev4_ - will not work. I suppose what happens is that if you try to remove the third file from the above list from Dev3_, what you will try to remove is s3_we_s3_we_ my-file_doc from n1_ fipl and no such file exists. Unfortunately, however, to add to the confusion, the screen display will react as if the file had been deleted but looking again at the directory will indicate that it has not.

Another little foible is that if one is using the "Choose a file" option in Taskmaster to select a file for, say, Quill and assuming one has chosen the device "Dev3__" and chosen from that s3_ we_myfile_doc, the filename which will appear on the command and on return to Quillis infactled as awar myfile_doc" which is, of course, "Not a valid Quill file." One can edit it to "Dev3_myfile_ doe" and acquire the file that way but it is a little irritating

Finally, if one uses the software re-set facility in Taskmaster on a machine which has Trump Card installed, pressing F1 or F2 when the Sinc lair copyright screen appears achieves no-thing. The machine appears not to recognise the presence of any devices. One has to re-set the machine further using the re-set button. These little details apart, the system is remarkably casy to use and flexible It is a pity this versatile machine has been sold so short.

Mist 1

Program to ease boot up for non computer literate office staff

100 m = RESPR(2048)110 LBYTES mdv1 ram rd bin,m 115 CALL m 130 FORMAT ram1 200 140 PRINT "Copying to Ramdisk 150 cop "flethead doc",1 155 cop "lethead doc" 157 cop "llethead doc",1 160 cop "findef_aba",1 170 cop "laser dat" 180 cop "printer dat",1 190 cop "default aba",2 195 cop "bcisbal aba", 2 200 cop "PAGE DOC",1 210 LRUN mdv1_tboot 220 DEFine PROCedure cop (f\$,f) 230 PRINT, f\$
240 COPY "mdv"&f&"_"&f\$ TO "ram1 "&f\$ 250 END DEFine cop

List 2

Modified version of list 1 for use through the network

```
100 m = RESPR(2048)
 110 LBYTES mdv1 ram rd bin,m
115 CALL m
120 NET 4
125 NFS USE
   dev,n1_flp1_,n1_flp2_,n2_flp1_,n
2_flp2_,n2_flp2_s4_we_,n2_flp2_s
4 mo ,n2 ram1
130 PRT USE ser,ser,ser
135 FORMAT ram1 200
140 PRINT "Copying to Ramdisk
150 cop "flethead doc"
155 cop "lethead doc"
157 cop "llethead doc"
160 cop "findef aba"
170 cop "remlas dat"
175 RENAME ram1 remlas dat TO
ram1 printer dat1
180 cop "nlqprint_dat"
185 RENAME ram1 nlqprint dat
TO ram1_printer_dat
190 cop "default_aba"
195 cop "bcisbal_aba"
200 cop "PAGE DOC"
210 LRUN mdv1_tboot
220 DEFine PROCedure cop (f$)
230 PRINT,f$
240 COPY "dev1_"&f$ TO
  "ram1 "&f$
250 END DEFine cop
```

OFFITWARREFILLE

Information

Program: Coursemaster Supplier: Intraset Ltd. 6 Gilderdale Close, Gorse Covert, Birchwood, Warrington. Cheshire WA3

Price: £14 95 inc. p&p, plus £1 for cartridge

th the adverse publicity about smoking drinking. are difficult to enjoy these days. A vice which has potential for further growth is gambling. Spend £3 on a bottle of wine and you get a moment of pleasure, an empty bottle and a headache. Spend £3 with a bookie and you get an afternoon's racing and your money may be refunded or multiplied

What has this to do with your QL? My guess is that as a QL enthusiast you have a streak of the gambler in you. Your QL is sometimes rewarding, sometimes frustrating, just like the favourite in the 2.30 at Doncaster. Software which allows you to indulge your computer addiction while having a go at Ladbrokes is indeed tempta-

Coursemaster is a computer racing program which aims to improve your chances of showing a profit on your bets. It is on Microdrive cartridge only but works on expanded QLs. The package includes a smallformat 20-page manual and betting guide

Newspapers

The program provides the user with a series of menus from which functions are chosen with single keypresses, with the option of returning to the main menu usually available. The main purpose of the program is the assessment of races which requires the input of information from daily newspapers concerning the race and form of the horses. The program first advises on whether the race looks promising. The punter is nudged away

Horses for courses, the saying goes, but will Coursemaster make you a horsemaster? Andrew Shepard finds that picking a winner is not so easy.

from races with very large or small fields, or where there are too many horses which have not raced recently and exposed their form. The program then asks for details of the horse's last two races and if it has won previously on the course or over the distance of the race

Having input the relevant data for all the runners - the work of a few minutes once the prompts are familiar - the punter can see an assessment of the race. The program range of offers a graded advice things look close it

races. My researches into the system are not yet complete but if a sure-fire way of beating the bookies existed I would not be reviewing computer soft-

The betting bank accounts option injects a dose of realism into the proceedings. One of the good features of the program and accompanying guide is the emphasis on level-headed gambling. The idea of a betting bank account is a real assistance to moderation

The betting shops are full of people who have conveniently forgotten



in the form of the forecast betting odds. Otherwise it may suggest a range of bets, spotting the likely winner and good value each-way bets

Throughout the process the user is given opportunities to check the accuracy of the data and to make corrections where necessary. Races can be saved for the inquest when you try to determine what went wrong

Other functions offered from the main menu include a special Coursemaster betting system, a betting bank account and options to estimate the profit from successful bets. The system bet aims to maximise the chances of profit by spreading the risk over a number of

last week's disasters. The betting account option encourages the punter to set aside, in advance, an amount which he can afford to lose. The gains and losses from each set of bets are entered, providing a noillusions record of progress

The options to assess bets and calculate winnings are useful, with complicated bets which require the odds of different horses to be multiplied. Not every type of bet is covered. There is no provision for forecasts and tricasts, where an attempt is made to pick not only the winner but also horses which finish second or third Given the huge range of possible bets and the guidance in the program towards low-risk bets, this is logical. Hard copy printouts are available with each option, providing you first alter line 25 of the program to the correct band rate for your printer interface

The interest of this package is in the mixing of pleasure with the pursuit of profit. The advice provided in the guide is sound and would make sense even to those who have no previous experience of betting. That is important, since to outsiders horse racing can seem like an aben world with its own language and the threat of financial ruin lurking round every corner

The program would demystify betting for the novice and provide a new angle of interest to the regular punter who watches TV racing or likes a day at the local course

Insufficient

I would like to say that I cheered Coursemaster all the way to the post but, despite early promise, it did not pick up all the prizes. Not written specifically for the QL, it is slower and less sophisticated than the ideal racing program would be. Even transferred to disc, which is accomplished easily with the addition of 'flp_use mdv' to the boot, the program is slow to load and race assessments take more than half a minute in the larger fields of horses.

Screen displays are clear but dull, with no use of graphics, colour or sound. More seriously, it does not utilise the capacity of the QL fully to process a good deal of data. Insufficient information is taken into account in predicting winners.

A more accurate forecast would require input concerning jockeys, stable performance and handicap weights. The limited scope tends to direct the punter towards clear favourites at short prices. Even so, Coursemaster helped me pick a 4-to-1 winner and it is a useful aid to clear thinking when used in conjunction with other information.



PDQL address the problem

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Archive Screen Designer by another name SEDIT allows a sensible logical and user friendly means of Archive screen design. A considerable and significant improvement on the SEDIT command within Archive. The extensive manual is an Archive Tutorial outle in itself.

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OF MICE AND ART

igital Precision Eye-Q set a very high standard for QL art programs. The few art programs which have been released since its appearance in late 1986 have had a tough act to follow, it is almost inevitable that other graphics programs are compared to what has become virtually the industry standard for the QL.

Eldersoft produced a graphics program, ArtiCE, to accompany its ROM-based ICE front-end in the early days of the QL. Soon after the appearance of its first art program, Eldersoft released a new version of ICE which included the first and long-awaited mouse. That was soon followed by a mouse version of ArtiCE called, appropriately enough, MICEart. In spite of its long-term availability, ArtiCE and its mouse-orientated variant, MICEart, has never graced the pages of QL World

Much more recently Schön, bestknown for its range of quality keyboard replacements, has released its second software product, *Painter*, this time aimed directly at the graphics enthusiast.

In many ways, these art programs share a number of similarities; with their respective versions — they can be used with or without a mouse — but the Eidersoft programs must be ordered in the standard or mouse version, while Painter can be used either way.

The Eidersoft ICE ROM is a GEM-type environment front-end. The ICE screen, displayed every time the QL is re-set unless you hold down the ALT key while the QL is doing its memory check, is provided with icons and buttons which, when the cursor is moved over them and either the SPACE bar is clicked or the mouse button is pressed, the appropriate

Ron Massey puts on his beret and investigates a sophisticated new art program, Painter, and a good old one, MICEart.

command is entered, as if it had been typed-in.

Since ICE uses its own pointer system it was almost inevitable that a mouse would be produced for it eventually. In a very few months Eidersoft introduced a mouse version of ICE called, appropriately enough, MICE.

The Eidersoft art program is available as either of two distinct types, both of which require the ICE ROM and its integral pointer environment, for use with keyboard only and for use with the mouse version of ICE only. To save some confusion, the Eidersoft programs will be referred to as MICEart because, except for one of them being mouse-compatible, both programs are otherwise identical.

The Eldersoft mouse is distinctive in that it has three buttons. In effect, the left button is equivalent to pressing the space bar once; the centre button, clicking SPACE twice in rapid succession. The right button is used for special program applications; MICEart uses the right button to select solid ink colours sequentially, beginning at black and progressing to white

On starting MICEart, you are presented with the drawing screen and a large disc-





shaped brush. If you wish to start drawing, clicking the left button toggles the brush on. Access to the comprehensive main menu is made by clicking the centre button.

The lack of help pages in any form is mute testimony to the ease of use of the program. Ample prompts are provided throughout operation of the program, advising you of alternative choices or the next action required.

Pressing the centre button, you are presented with the main menu. From that you can navigate to other program options such as selection of link and paper colours, file access, mode control, magnify, spray, text, clearing the screen and exiting the program.

Colour selection for ink or paper, the only laborlous feature of the program, is made by clicking on INK or PAPER, then one set of arrows to set the first colour, a second set of arrows to set the colour and a third set of arrows to set the stipple pattern — If a stipple is used. Numerical values in the range of 0 to 255 are also indicated for information

Brushes

Drawing is done with the cursor pen/ brush which is toggled on and off with the left button. A range of brush sizes and types is available, from a single pixel, three discs, four diagonal lines or four blocks, one of which is user-definable, with which to draw.

The MICEart magnification facility is particularly good. When active, the area round the cursor is magnified in a mobile window occupying about one-quarter of the screen. As the cursor is moved towards the window, the window changes screen position.

Another particularly well-designed option, spray painting, is especially flexible. You are provided with five different-sized nozzles and five spray densities. The full colour range is available to each of the respective modes.

Text, in the standard QL font and range of sizes, is typed-in and can be positioned accurately by moving the cursor, which appears as the string you have typed-in, to its position and fixing it by clicking on the left button. The majority of drawing operations can be made on a trial basis. After most of the drawing operations, a dialogue box offers you a yes or no option

- effectively an UNDO option. Selecting the latter, the drawing reverts to its preoperation state. Program output can be to printer and an uncompressed, standard 32K file. The MICEart printer driver is a conventional Epson-compatible type.

Being driven by the QJump Pointer environment with which it is supplied, Painter can be used with or without a mouse, multi-tasks and is fullycompatible with QJump QRAM. If you want to take advantage of its mouse capabilities you will also need the QJump QIMI internal mouse upgrade or one of the newer versions of the Sandy Super Q Board, with its built-in mouse interface available

Painter starts with its menu screen, which consists of five groups of commands and six command buttons. The right-hand side of the screen is a window in which most of the program sub-menus appear. There is only a single help page which details the use of the keyboard for program control. Switching between the menu and the drawing screen is done by pressing ENTER or the right mouse button. Many of the commands are selfexplanatory but some exceptional features have been included in the extensive repertoire

All automatic geometry is rubberbanded. Under the SHAPES heading you have the option either of a rectangle or a square. The latter option will maintain equal vertical and horizontal alteration in



size; the former's dimensions are set independently. The Painter arc feature relies on the flawed QL command and can be a little unpredictable. Line drawing may be done by single lines, radial lines where lines are projected from a common centre - or as polygons.

On first examination the POINT option seems a little frivolous but the feature serves a special function. There are 16 types of patterns available, ranging from a single pixel to a variety of pre-set shapes which can be used for a pen-drawing cursor. There is a distinct difference between the Painter PEN and BRUSH. You can select from 24 supplied brush patterns to draw. You can also design your own brushes or use a 16 × 16 pixel

Eidersoft MICEart

Drawing Method

Definition Modes

Multiple screens Transfer Image Elements Method of colour selection

Command Access Menu

Help pages on screan Border reference

Grid Cursor co-ord indicator

Prompt Window Image Pan/Scroll Image magnification Auto mirror image Pen direction indicator

Pen (Continuous drawing) Width control

Brush

Airbrush

Auto fill . on select

Expand Shrink Erase

Special erase Undo Pen On/Off XOR Re-colour Circle

Arc Square Rectangle Triangle

Ellipse

Continuous, pixel graphics,

Movement into pixel position, and 8; loss of picture at mode

change. No No.

See Note 1. Mouse

Yes, main and sub-menus. None.

No. No.

No

With some options. No.

Yes. No. No. Yes. No

> Single pixel, 3 discs; 4 diagonal; 4 blocks, one of which can be

5 nozzles and 5 densities. Also separate manual fili.

No. No.

Area depending on brush size and

shape. No.

With most drawing operations. Toggles with left mouse button.

No. Yes Yes. No. No

Horiz and vert dimensions Independent

As above.

No.

Others Line length Line width Line broken Radial lines Polygon Point

Element movement Element copy

Auto Shadowing Text Modes Colour Sizes

Character styles Variable spacing (auto) Underline types Positioning

File Control Default drive

Retain other specified drive Directory Load a screen

Save a screen Compression option Delete a file Format media Load/Save/Edit fonts Brush patterns Printer Dump

Area printed Average no. files/cartridge Principal application Special Features:

Block Yes

No Nο No No

Cursor-shaped

Can also be saved and or used as a brush

No Yes

Over current drawing and Off

Full range. 0,0 TO 3,1 (dependent on resolution mode) Standard QL Ioni

No. None

Text string cursor

No From load, save and copy to a file

Yes Yes No No Yes No. None Yes Whole screen

10. Two-dimensional illustrations.

 Ink is selected by clicking the right button sequentially switches ink
through black to white, colour numbers 0 to 7 or from the main menu,
where the sub-menu offers buttons which are clicked to change each of the three components making up a stipple. Paper co our from the sub-

A non-mouse version. ArtICE is entirely keyboard-or entated and uses the SPACE bar instead of mouse buttons. Requires ICE-ROM

3. Text is positioned as if the string were a cursor

cursor to select an area from your drawing to use as a brush. Full file handling facilities allow you to save and load individual brush files into the space occupied by a current brush.

Two types of eraser are provided. The first is the conventional type which is consistent with the selected cursor. For larger and/or regular areas the special eraser is a rubber-banded rectangle

Colour selection may be done in either of two ways. Solid colours may be selected from the main menu palette buttons. By double-clicking on the stipple button you are offered the sub-menu palette from which you can select a colour directly either from the full range palette display or, very much like the MICEart selection system, select each colour component with its appropriate stipple pattern.

One Painter feature which puts it in a class of its own is its ability to have up to nine screens available - memory permitting - and being able to transfer sections from a selected page to the current drawing.

Clicking on VIEW, the display switches to a map of all the screens in memory and a pixel representation of the drawings of each screen. You are offered an option to create a new page. A word of warning the create option is not error-checked and if you specify a number of pages exceeding your memory capacity you are likely to hang the QL. File options use the QRAM convention, with a similar range of commands, and a specifically-efficient screen compression routine which squeezes a standard 32K screen into between 4K and 6K of file space. Saving and loading compressed screens is very fast.

A number of choices allow you to produce good-quality dumps of your pictures. You can select the whole screen, half or a selected part of the screen to dump. You can also specify single-, double- or treble-density printing. Pictures can be positioned either over an entire sheet of paper or can be printed side-

Transfers

For different reasons I like both of these programs. I am not particularly fond of mice and, as far as I am concerned, art programs are the only real justification for using them. Having said that, though, screen navigation and option selection in all types of mouse-controlled programs is faster, so it is really a matter of prefer-

Which of the two programs you choose will depend largely on the way you like to work. If you prefer having an Icon/buttonorientated front-end, ARTice or its counterpart. MICEart, is the logical choice.

Neither of the two programs can be very readily multi-tasked

Painter is designed to be multi-tasked with all the QJump utilities and uses the same pointer environment. If you are running QRAM you will not need to use the separate pointer environment supplied with the program

Like many art programs available for the ST and Amiga, MICEart allows you to select only one option each time you access the main menu. Its spray facility must rank as highly as any of those available for other machines. The Painter spray facility is simulated in that a drawing cursor producing the "spray" is a fixed but re-definable pattern.

Even if you are not artistically inclined, the Painter text editing features make the program worth having for this one application alone. In addition to including its own font designer you can display the current font in normal or bold lettering and in one of four types of italics

Characters, occurring from the upper left corner of the cursor position, may be printed as Outlines or Shadow, as well as standard lettering. Choosing the Shadow option you can specify top, left, bottom and right shadowing in any combination.

Overall, my vote goes to Painter. It is one of the most versatile and powerful art programs yet released for the QL. Its only disadvantage is that a few of its operations are a little slow.

Schön Painter

Drawing Method

Definition Modes Multiple screens Transfer Image Elements

Method of colour selection Command Access Menu

Help pages on screen Border reference

Grid Cursor co-ord indicator

Prompt Window Image Pan/Scroll image magnification Auto mirror image

Pen (continuous drawing) Width control

Brush Airbrush

Auto fill - on select

Expand Shrink Erase

Special erase Unda Pen On/Off XOR Re-colour

Circle Ellipse Arc Square Rectangle Triangle Others

Line length Line width Line broken Radial lines

Continuous pixe graphics Movement into pixel position.

4 and 8; Up to nine, memory permitting. From selected screen to current

screen.

See Note 1 Mouse and/or keyboard.

Yes main and sub-menus

No. No. No

With some options,

Yes, whole screen or selected area.

Yes; rotate in 90° increments.

Yes. No

24 patterns supplied. See note 3. Simulated with pixel pattern block Also separate manual fill.

Yes Yes

Area depending on brush size and shape

User definable block. With ESC

Toggles with left button SPACE.

To current his colour Full-screen or selected area.

Yes. Yes Yes.

Horiz and vert dimensions linked Horiz and vert dimensions independent

Block Yes. No 16 types. Yes

Polygon Point Element movement Element copy

Auto Shadowing Text Modes Colour

Sizes Character styles Variable spacing Underline types Positioning File Control

Default drive Retain other specified drive Directory

Load a screen Save a screen Compression option Delete a file Format media Load/Save Edit fonts Brush patterns

Printer Dump Area printed

Average no files cartridge Principal application Special Features:

16 footprint patterns

No Can also be saved and or used as a

brush No Yes

Over current drawing, XOR and Off

Full range 0,0 TO 3,1 (dependent on resolution mode

Normal 4 Italics Boid See note 2 Between characters and proportional

From current text cursor position. **QRAM-type** display

f1p1 Yes Yes Yes Yes

Yes Yes Yes. Yes

24 supplied. With design, load and

save options Yes

Whole half or part screen sideways or whole page

1 to 3 10 uncompressed

Two-dimensional lustrations

Colour can be selected directly from the main menu by clicking on the palette display. Clicking on the stipple button selects the current

Alternatively double-clicking on the stipple button opens a fullscreen sub-menu it comprises of a large window, contraining blocks of all of the colours available to the mode, a pair of solid colour palettes, four buttons representing the four possible stipple patterns and a windowing displaying the selected colour

Brushes may be composed of one of the 24 supplied patterns, selected from a 16 × 16 pixel area of the current drawing, may be a solid colour

or may be loaded into from a pattern file.

Digital Precision EYE-Q

Drawing Method

Definition Modes

Multiple screens Transfer of Image Elements Method of colour selection Command Access Menu Help pages on screen Border reference

Prompt Window Image Pan/Scroll Image magnification Auto mirror image Pen (Continuous drawing) Width control **Brush** Airbrush Auto fill - on select

Cursor co-ord indicator

Expand Shrink Frase Special erase Undo Pen On/Off XOR Re-colour Circle Ellipse Arc Square Rectangle Triangle Others Line length Line width

Line broken

Radial lines

Continuous, pixel graphics Movement into pixel position 4 and 8, Internally switchable without loss of picture No

Cursor on colour-wedge palette Keyboard, ABC Mouse or joystick Main and sub-menus 17, related to drawing mode

No No

Also direct measure of lengths, userdefinable origin dx, dy, ds Optional screen top, bottom or off

Both

Dual range; draw while in either

Yes Area of cursor

Continuous 1 pixel to half screen Pen only Over & XOR modes

Borders for fill are user-definable Independent vert and horiz Independent vert and honz With variable size cursor

No No

"Set "Skip" "XOR (to paper)

Yes Yes Yes Yes

Independent horiz and vert dimensions

As for square No

Black

Independent movement of line ends

No No

By swapping cursor position

Polygon Point Element movement Element copy Auto Shadowing Text Modes Colour Sizes

Character styles Variable spacing Positioning File Control

Default drive Retain other specified drive

Directory Load a screen Save a screen

Compression option Delete a file Format media Load/Save/Edit fonts Brush patterns Printer Dump Area printed

Average no. files cartridge Principal application

No. Yes. Na Yes No Std or custom fonts, integral UDCG. Strip, XOR, Over 1, Off. Full range 0,0 TO 3,1 According to current font Manually By character and/or pixel movement

mdv2_ Yes Yes Whole or re-positionable part 32K, compress, mono, 4 or full colour (any combination)

Yes Yes

Incl RAM disk Yes No

Reconfigurable Whole screen

Single 10 uncompressed

Two-dimensional technical and general illustrations. Full multi-tasking

Special Features:

Option of whole or selective screen saving as monochrome, four-colour or, where applicable, eight-colour files. Considerable savings in file space may be realised. Worst-case files are compressed to about 28K. Typical file compression is in the region of 12 5K for full-screen, full-colour pictures

2 Loading selected areas of the screen occurs at the position from which It was saved Before 'fix' option is selected the ghost cursor may be re-

positioned

Area for screen stretch and compression features are user-definable w thin the definable cursor

Text facility uses either the standard QL font or the system font editor Text may be produced on a str p. in the OVER 1 or XOR modes

Each element included in a drawing may be accepted, by moving the cursor from its current position or rejected by pressing <ESC> in the system "whoops" option

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Impost every computer programmer has an ambition to write a home finance program which will keep track of cheques, balance budgets and plan future finances. Many such programs are started, some are finished, but I suspect only the smallest minority are every used. The disadvantage of using a computer program to control personal accounts is that it is too powerful for the job. Booting the QL, loading a program and saving a data file just to record the issue of a cheque is not worth the effort

To make a conventional financial program work for you it must be updated regularly with information. The incessant demand for cheque numbers, amounts drawn, income received, interest added and deducted and standing order renewal dates soon overwhelms the average user's enthusiasm and the program is abandoned in favour of a pencil and the back of an envelope.

Personal budgeting is a perfect example of what a spreadsheet is good at doing and so Abacus was chosen as the tool to implement the Sinclair QL World Budget Planner, an application most readers should find useful. Before plunging into the technical aspects of programming a spreadsheet it is worth analysing what happens when planning a budget Income is balanced with outgoings so that, with luck, the latter does not exceed the former in the long term. Problems occur when either income or expenses, or both, are irregular. Eventually a spate of bills will exceed the available income.

Staircase

Budgeting means calculating how much to put aside and when, if every bill had to be settled in December a simple budget would involve putting aside onetwelfth of the predicted total debt each month. The balance of the budget amounts are rounded to the nearest pound and many of the figures inevitably will be estimates. Although the example spreadsheet shows only a few rows, a proper working spreadsheet might have dozens of entries covering gas bills, car servicing, standing orders, insurance premiums, savings schemes and so on to the limit of the QL memory.

The second area comprises mainly a 12 x 12 matrix and it is here that the major calculations take place. Each column represents a staircase of graduality-ncreasing amounts set aside for each month's expenditure throughout the year

To create the budget spreadsheet the instructions accompanying this article should be followed closely. It is recommended strongly that an exact copy of the example spreadsheet is created, tested against the output reprinted here and before modifying it to suit your circumstances. It has been assumed that readers know how Abacus works. If this is

BUDGET PLANNER

The most basic home finance programs reveal little information the user does not already know and their claims of pinpoint accuracy usually founder on the calculation of bank charges, interest calculations and rate demands. Most people are not concerned with maintaining records of expenditure or balancing the books to the nearest penny and they do not enjoy slaving at a computer program just to confirm that the latest bank statement is correct.

Invaluable

People are generally more interested in making sure they they can meet the next electricity bill or save enough for a holiday. For this exercise a computer is an invaluable aid and yet few financial software packages tackle the problem of budgeting.

A budget management program could undoubtedly be written in SuperBasic but there is a much simpler solution available to every QL owner, the Psion Abacus spreadsheet. Spreadsheets are very effective at dealing with repeated calculations which form simple patterns based on columns and rows. Spreadsheets are straightforward to program and easy to keep updated. Most important, they are particularly good at processing what-if? enquiries when figures are changed temporarily to see the effect on other parts of the spreadsheet.

account would increase each month so that on a graph it would look like a staircase rising from January to November. In December, of course, the account is cleared to meet the debts and the graph falls to zero.

Reality, of course, is different. Bills arrive monthly, quarterly, annually or irregularly; some bills are for regular amounts and others vary with the seasons. Calculating a savings staircase for each month would be a splendid basis for a sensible budget, except that the effort is probably not worthwhile even with the help of a calculator. The long-winded sums would need to be re-calculated every time a bill was increased or a new commitment was added or a debt needed to be cleared earlier than expected

With a spreadsheet, however, all the calculations are contained in a few formulae based on amounts placed in the spreadsheet cells. The amounts can be changed as often and as radically as required but the fundamental relationships between them remain the same and the entire spreadsheet can be recalculated in seconds.

In the Sinclair QL World Budget Planner the spreadsheet is divided into three distinct parts. Beginning from the left of the spreadsheet, the first part contains details of all known debts with their amounts entered in columns according to which month they become due. Budgeting is never an exact science and so

Mike Lloyd employs
Psion Abacus to provide
a spreadsheet which will
predict your cashflow
and can be updated.
quickly

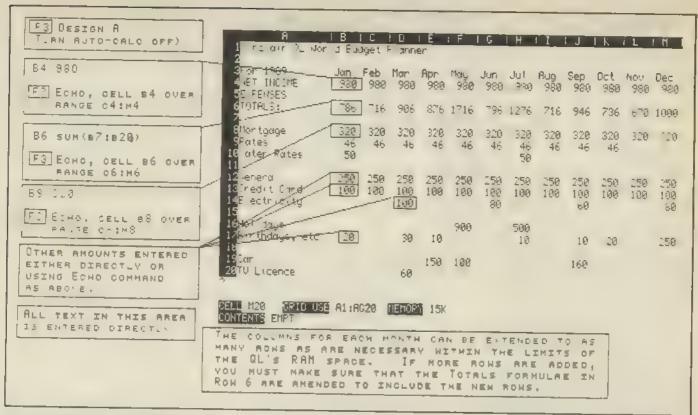
your first spreadsheet, keep the User Guide close to hand

The three-diagrams accompanying this article contain all of the important Abacus commands needed to make the spreadsheet application work. Each command is linked to the spreadsheet cell to which it applies and shows either a formula or an Abacus command. There is no room to include many minor instructions covering such aspects as text justification and column widths. Similarly, text not related to a formula has not been included in the commands. Text can be entered by moving the cursor to a cell and typing a double quotation mark followed by the required letters. The text string is not closed with a quotation mark.

Integers

As an example for QL users new to Abacus, it will be convenient to change the Abacus numeric input to integers before entering any other commands. This is done by pressing F3 to obtain the command mode and then pressing "U" for the units command, "D" to signify the Default option, "I" to obtain integer input and the Enter key to select a minus sign for negative values. Had this been included in one of the diagrams it would have been written.

F3 Units, Default, Integer, Minus sign The first area in the spreadsheet has a



details column with each item entered directly as text followed by 12 columns headed by the name of each month in the year. Your spreadsheet does not have to start with January but it is convenient.

The most important rows are those detailing income and the total expenditure. They must appear in the same rows as shown in the example if the formulae elsewhere in the spreadsheet are to be correct. The income figures indicate that the user is paid the same amount per calendar month. Adjustments would need to be made for people paid daily or weekly amounts or with irregular income.

It is important to note that the income for a month usually relates to what was earned in the previous month. Someone paid on a daily rate would receive 28 days pay for February at the same rate per diem as for March, a 31-day month

It would be conventional to place the total monthly expenditure row at the bottom of the columns but the position of

the row would then change when rows are added or taken away. By placing them near the top of the columns the total figures never move their location and the number of rows used can be altered with no alterations to the rest of the spreadsheet

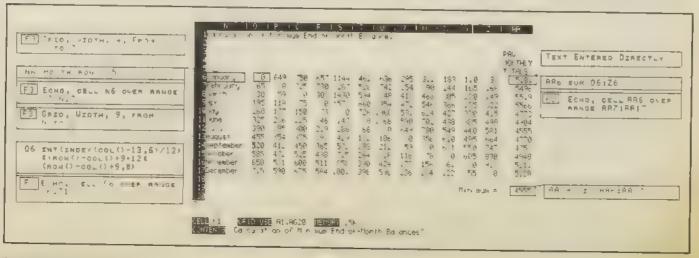
Monthly expenses which do not vary need be entered only in the January column and then echoed to the other columns for the year, as shown by the entry for mortgage repayments in the diagram. Irregular amounts are entered directly into the appropriate cell. The example spreadsheet also shows how estimates for electricity bills vary to take account of seasonal variations in fuel used.

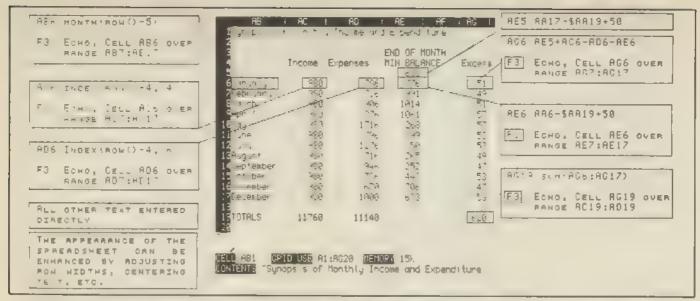
The second part of the spreadsheet is the matrix of staircases showing that each month's total expenditure has been divided into 12 equal parts and one part is being saved each month. The entire matrix is governed by a single formula

copied into each of the 144 cells. A feature of the matrix which is always present is a diagonal line of zeros crossing the matrix from top left to bottom right. For May, the lifth month, the zero appears in the fifth row of the fifth column, counting from the top left corner of the matrix.

Immediately to the right of the matrix each row is totalled. If they were the required minimum end-of-month balances the budget scheme would probably be unworkable but there is an extra calculation in the third part of the spreadsheet which reduces those figures.

The final part of the spreadsheet is a synopsis of the budget for the year. The months of the year are now arranged down the side of the spreadsheet, with columns for income and expenditure repeating information from elsewhere in the spreadsheet. The most important column is the minimum end-of-month balance which is derived from the matrix totals.





In this example the matrix totals show that the balance of the account would never fall below £4,555, the lowest figure in the column. If, therefore, all of the figures were reduced by £4,555 the account would never be in the red, although for one month it might be empty. As an empty account is not generally a good idea, a safety factor of £50 has been built into the calculations in column AE.

If this final adjustment to the figures seems too good to be true, let me assure you that it is correct and that following the budget will not lead you unexpectedly into trouble. The final column in the spreadsheet shows how much income remains

once the commitments have been met An advantage of this budgeting scheme is that, provided your income is regular, you will be left each month with a similar amount for incidentals and fuxuries.

When the spreadsheet has been built, saved and tested, what next? First, the example amounts need to be replaced with figures applicable to your circumstances. The total income and total expenditure figures at the bottom of columns AC and AD should then be checked to make sure that income exceeds expenditure over the year. You may then wish to return to the first part of the spreadsheet and change some of the figures to see what

effect they have on the synopsis columns.

When the budget has been finalised take a printout for ready reference when the bank statements arrive. The program needs to be referred to again only if your budget changes or if you want to see the impact of, say, buying a more expensive holiday or repaying a loan early.

I have been using this budgeting system for four years and it has proved its worth. It has identified precisely how much of my bank balance can safely be spent on luxuries and how much must be kept for future commitments. Best of all, the application is free, easy to use and quickly adaptable.





THE NORTHERN SINCLAIR SHOW

avid Barty and Sector Software are to be congratulated for their bravery in organising the first Sinclair show in the north and also on their choice of venue. Stokes Hall at Leyland, Lancashire is a pleasant setting and reasonably-priced food was available The atmosphere was definitely "microfair" but as a customer I felt more relaxed and human all day.

The show was attended by more than 30 exhibitors, most selling QL-specific or related items. The event was held on two levels with two main rooms full of stalls, the remainder being housed in the foyer. Principal QL suppliers exhibiting their wares were Digital Precision, Sector Software, PDQL, Miracle Systems, TF Service, Strong Computers, Qualsoft and Super User Bureau

Throng

Sector Software had the largest and best-sited stall, which was very busy throughout the day. Hidden from sight by a throng of eager customers were the adjacent stalls of Digital Precision and PDQL. SUB was selling copies of the second issue of its club magazine. There were apologies for being about a year behind but I was assured that further issues will emerge. They were also digitising faces and printing them out for £1.50 and had a steady stream, of children queueing for the service.

In the foyer TF Services and Qualsoft were side by side and must have won the award for the highest number of working computers on one stall, with QLs, PCWs, Psion Organisers and an ST all running next to each other. Miracle Systems attended but had a shortage of stock. It blamed that on underestimating demand for its pro-

Sector Software has founded a QL micro show of a different kind — a show in and for the north. Now users who were daunted by the long trek to the London Microfairs have an alternative. It seems set to be a pronounced success, reports Desmond Barry.

ducts in the previews two months earlier and was talking mainly about its hard disc drive which was on display.

Rebel Electronics, a company new to the QL scene, was displaying a non-working exHome Computers selling daisywheel typewriters which doubled as computer printers for £89. It also had a good stock of new QLs for less than £100 each.

The show was very busy in

should have been at the exhibition but was not ready. Leaflets were available on the system from the Sector Software stand. While talking to the Sector staff I asked for a copy of Ferret and was told the disc box had been left open overnight and it had escaped. Then it was admitted that there had not been time to get it ready for the show.

Freddy Vaccha of Digital Precision gave an impressive talk about his new MS-DOS emulator and kept me captivated for more than half an hour.

Harvester Information Systems had new software for the Z-88, including a typing tutor and spelling checker. It was so new it was still being copied during the show.



The throng at Leyland Hall checks new wares.

ample of its hard disc interface which is said to use hard discs of up to 80MB capacity and operates as faster speeds. The Miracle drive will work with the Trump Card but the Rebel drive needs a smaller QL to work.

Bargains

Impact Entertainments demonstrated a Trivial Pursuittype game and a horse racing predictor. On the non-QL-specific stalls there were also some good bargains, with U.K. the morning and I found it difficult to get near to many of the stalls but by about 2pm the crowds started thinning and the exhibitors had more time to talk

A licensed bar was open throughout the exhibition, serving as a meeting place for QL enthusiasts. Food was available in the cafeteria throughout the day, well organised with good cutlery, servicttes and tablecloths, and good value food.

Sir Clive Sinclair's new Cambridge Satellite TV system

Radio

Radio Lancashire had its outside broadcast van in attendance and transmitted live from inside the building, while Lancashire Evening Post girls distributed complimentary newspapers specially printed with the Northern Sinclair Show logo and the names of the five companies which sponsored the paper give-away

Living in the north of England I was pleased to see that we at last had a show of our own rather than having to travel to London. The majority of people, who appeared all to be local, shared that view. Few of those present had made the journey from the south. One man told me that he and his friends had crossed on the ferry from Northern Ireland.

Afterwards I telephoned Sector Software — 0772 454328 — and was told that as the event was such a success more shows are scheduled for June 24, September and one in December for Christmas. Egstern Al morand of the properties and service a law

This month
Simon Goodwin
adds a useful
new device
driver to the QL
repertoire.

his month's listing is the most sophisticated DIY Toorkit ever a new device driver, complete in just 414 bytes of code. The program is derived from a listing sent by the two Italian QL Wintdreads Falvio Mersola and Faca Pivat The MEM device works with all Qdos programs and an garges and illaws very flexible communication between tasks or program overlays. It works like other devices but can do many things not possible with standard facilities like pipes and shared files

The MISM device also extends the Frolkii 2 network server so that you can do aimost anything over the net-

work, you can even issue PLLKS POKEs and calls to routines in the memory of other machines

Anything written to the MI M device is stered in memory. Anything read from it is fetched from memory. There are no limitations on the data which can be read or written each character corresponds to one byte and vou can use all the usual character input and out put commands. PRINT INKEYS, IBYTIS, SBYTIS INPUTS, GET, BGET PUT BPUT and so on

MEM works with any command which sends characters to a channel, you can send the result of TIST, DIR and similar formands to MEM. Bytes are written and read in sequence towar Is higher addresses, with an check for the end of mem.

e Di WORe D	DIT 100.	617 July 1989 - F	tEM device dr.ver.				
• Di WORLD Dir 100.kl1 july 1989 - MEM device dr.ver, • version 0.9, copyright Luca Pivato & Simon N Goodwin.			# Eode to 1	* Code to handle TRAF \$2 ca.ls: OFEN and CLOSE			
nes ptr	600	24	Current MEM pointer	open_code	scho.1	\$6. a7	Make space on stack
p_++ 1d	Edn Edn	28	Word 10 of buffer	sher."cane	move.1	27.43	A3 parameters
chan_link	- 1-	30	Channel list pointer			290,a2 17	Use 10, MAME vector V
buff_addr	#Qu	34	Buffer start address		387	will what at	1103
buff flag		38	Nord persistence flag		Bras .	exit open	kame faulty
1	- 4-	**	na p parasition in a		Fra E	e i ipe	to add to love
start	160.1	serio ptrs, a0	Set up SERIO linkage		bra.s	open oli	Name parsed Ok
	lea.1	to ready, a2	3 . W (CO)	dega_sean	dc.w	3	Length of name
	sove, l	aZ, (a0)+) . (B) (.e.m.)	* 1	dr.b	"MEN"	
	Lea.1	fetch byte, a2	the interes		₫С.И	3 per more	Max. 3 parameters
	sove.1	a2, (a0)+			dcve	-1,-1	Buffer number
	Lead	send_byte,a2	1 4 10 SEND		de an	2, PT'	_ Buffer 6176
	80V6.1	a2, (a0)+	a a		dc. H	2,'PT'	Permanent Temporary
	+ Eq +	10_pointer, a0	Set up device linkage	*			
	4 P#++	to_code, a2	4	apen_oli	moverl	m3,a5	A5 - parameters
	#GVP	37, a7 +		100	poveq	Heidl	40 bytes needed
	p 84 v	open cover du				1, d.	MM MILME OPLET
	move ₄ 1	a2, ta01+			jsr	ta21	Alsocate memory
	1881	close_code,a2	£4 1	- ,	beque	do_butlers	So on 14 RAM peraits
	асче.1	a2, sa0,+	3	exit_open			Deallocate stack space
	1691	linkage, a0	cank the MEM device		tst.1	40	Error code is in DO
	moved	432,40	MT.180 key 1		7te		
	rap	4	B 4 B 4 1 11	de la stree		CORC AT	Get buller (D
	rts		Return D0 to caller	da_but+ers	BOAR*N		Keep butter ID
	de 1	6	and the same damage			d7, buff_id acr	No butfer, exit
11 (A4P	dc-1	015-56	Link to next device	not draw	561.5		all Keep P T flag
.a_pointer		016 284	Pointer to 1/0 code	mot,flag	BOAR!	80,84	Save channel base
	dc.L	*	Pointer to OPEN code		lea.1	butt ptr.m3	Search bufter list
/ \	dc.l	000036	Pointer to CLOSE code		ber.e	SCASPET AND	Does the buffer en -1
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			, POSRE, LOAD, SAVE		0.014	Dec - 040.	
4	D. LES NA	LUNG MU. AL L. ARMY		new one	BOVE-H	2 45 .61	Was a size specified"
so_code	cap.b	#9,40	Call to FG.EXTOP?		Thei.s	NO \$129	If not, complain
10 1000	beq.	vector_a2	5 7 91)	22.0	addq.m		Allow for a header
	,	mes_ptr(a0),a5	AS -> NEW address		ext.l	41.	Di = total buffer size
	CAP.D	Sand Object	Call to F6.PGSAB?		soveq	40,42 6	Permanent allocation
	bea.s	set abapos		1 -	Boveq	824,40	HT.ALCHE key
	cap.b	067,40	Call to FS.POSRE?	-	trap	41	Try to allocate memory
	beq.4	set relpos		1 2	tetal	dő	Did that work?
		231,12 70 9	Use 10.SERIB vector	1	bne.s	na_room	If not, companies
	55P	{a2}	Do other serial 1/0		move.l	a0, d2	Keep builfer base
serio_ptrs	-	0	Pointer for ID.PEND	*	SOVE, N	d7, (a01+	Pecard buffer 10
	dc.1	0	Painter for 10.FETCH	**	learl	hose_ptr,al	Extend the buffer list
	dc.1	-0	Pointer for ID.SEND	,	sove.1	(a37, (a014	1
	rts		Return from SERID		novest	62, (a3)	Start With new buffer
4					sub, m	424, d1	Ignore header bytes
set_abspos	tst,1	dL.	Negative parameter?		MOYELN	di, cabre	Store buffer length
	bpl.s	ute_pasn		set_addr	gove, i		Record buffer start
	move.l		Set default base		move/1	avenem_ptriad;	Initialise pointer
nzefbosu	move,1	d1,45	Set position		lead	chan_ptr.a3	Extend channel list
	brais	set memptr			move.1	ta3r,chan line tw	1
set_reipos		dl, a5	Offset position		Learl	baff_ided .62	
	move.1		Return new value		so e.l	a2,+a3,	No - Phones bloom
6	bra.s	set_memptr			na e, l	31,60	A0 - Channel block
Saud page					p.a.e	t t the	
2.4-6.	brais	set_meaptr		50 500	marin 1	al au	Date in a channel
Fetch byte			Danut WEW	80,7008	hove.1	adjett	Retrieve channel
set mempty		45. men_ptr (40)	Reset MEM pointur		DE7 15	lose_chen #-3,d0	No room for the buffer
io_ready	Boyeq	#0, d0			\$12.5 20 80	exit_open	Report OUT OF MEMORY
	rts				31 812	ENET Alital	HERRY DOL ST. HERBELL

MEM



My so you can use MI M to to d ROMs or write to control ports if you wish

INPLT works so rong is vod know there is it end of incomerker. CHR\$(10) of little fater in memory. Beware in the course of testing this code I have to und another bag in Odos and the Thoratization.

Bizerts thenes happen it the interpreter tries to INPL 1 a line of more than \$2.66 bytes. If you read such a me into in anomens once string you may have a string mure than \$2K in length \$32K is the affect limit.

longer strings have in apparently negative engit and tend to clash the Of

I will explice this it more define in my next report on ROM bugs of I keep to do it new ones for the time being be warned in it a use INPL I amiess you know there is an end of one mitke among the next 32k characters. Use fur be Toolkit INPL I Sityou need to read a certain number of

Mes regard essof their value

There are several ways to use the MI Mideoic. The samplest technique is tho penalt with no parameters, ake this

OPI N #3 mem

This sets apich mnet #3 so you can read and write directly into memory. You set the address being read with common Tooisit commands like PUT or STT_POSITION ased normally to wind back and forth through a tile.

PUT #3 Is 6" or SET-POSITION #3,31072 positions he channel pointer at the start of the standard QL display memory expored in the last issue. A subsequent PRINT #3 FILLST 11 (584) over writes the top half of the serien with a stripe pattern.

When you OPEN a simple MI Midevice the niemery pointer starts at indiress 0 but you can move it easily with PL I or

the Turbo SFT_POSITION If you do not have those comms you can set the pointer with civious calls to SCROLL and PAN, as Lexplained in my last ROM bugs article in the February QL World Functions like POSITION and FPOS tell you the current position of the pointer

So far the MEM device is a meat example of a new device and a useful way to access memory directly from languages which ack PLEK and POKL but it is rather a owlevel facility unlikely to appear to people who do not PLEK and POKE a ready.

I it a start you can open MI Michannels via the network ble server built into Thors and Super Loolkit. ROMs. This gives you direct access to the guts of any machine serving the network with MFM loaded. Incisimple MI Micevice works perfectly over the network. I a ive tested it with two QFs and between a QF and Thor XVI.

You can use all the normal teading and writing commands PUI ind FPOS at you keep track of the current address on the other machine.

You can have as many MEM channes open as you like. It is easy to avoid milleroos hacking as you cannot access the memory of a machine unless it is running the free server with MEM loaded.

There is great potential for co-operative processing. You can store code on another macrine via MLM and then can it with the EXTOPTRAP. When the code has Enished voa can read the results from MLM. Thus you can encumyent initiations of the normal fideserver and change modes or format nicht, remotely.

If this romping through momory seems messy try tacking a few parameters on to the end of the device name. Mf M all insurpto three parameters in integer buffer number and buffer size and refer p or to show whether the buffer is perminent, or temporary this command opens a 2 000-byte permanent buffer, number 7

OPEN #3 mcm7_2000p

Once you have done this you can read or write the buffet

from other tasks or the same one tike this

OPEN #4,mem7

When you open a Mf-M buffer the like pointer starts to set to the beginning of the buffer tact zero, as for a simple MF-M device. There is no check to prevent you writing past, the end as all MI-M channels can access any address, but it is easy to addichecks from Basic of in the device code. The word immediately before the start is the buffer size, in bytes.

PRINT Buffer size PLEK W(FPOS(#4) 2)

You can wind back to the start with SET POSITION #ch c. For PUT It you are stack with the standard QL ROM commands, try

SCROLL #3 1,42

Buffers can be shared by many channels and it appropriate, they can all read and write them at once. The clever piece is the way any program can find the address of the buffer from the name, via the MEM Jevice driver.

In the past it has been difficalt for programmers to pass information like device defaults between programs, especially if the programs load one after another, to make best use of RAM. Many products use spare system memory, from 163-876 upwards, to pass information but clashes occur when several products try to use the same area for different purposes. This is thich a common problem that it has become a major source of incompatibilits between QL programs, regardless of supplier

Supercharge used screen memory, which could be upset by multi-tasking wind ws Spellbound Deskiop Publisher



and SuperToolkit fight it out over undocumented system variables. Turb rused a bufter after the documented system variables but this caused a clash on the Thor XVI, ironically because the undocumented memory was used for a pointer to a thing ast.

A 'thing list' is a sequence of buffers lioked by pointers. Its use avoids clashes between communications areas but each package needs code to search and extend the list. Unfortunately you still need a system variable to point to the stari of the list and that is what elobbled the original version of Turbo on the Thor XVI. OJump and CST propose different starts for this list and it seems inevitable that both are already used for other purposes.

The MI-M device is my solufrom It is simple, fast and uses the device list, so it clobbers no system variables. MEM allows 32 768 hatters numbered from 1) to 32 767, but there is still the possibility that two packages might try to use the same buffer. It MEM buffer numbers clash you can change them easily by patching the devicenames in one group of programs, with My or The Editor It is easy to identify and change device names because they are ASCII strings

Buffer memory is de allocated automatically when the fast channel using it is closed. If that channel was opened with a plat the end of its name the buffer persists so that it can be opened and read later perhaps by another task. You get rid of a 'permanent' buffer by waiting until no channel is using it opening at as temporary the default and closing it.

The MI M device should work reliably on my QI or compatible including the Thor and SI QL Emulator. It was tested on version PT of the

Thor XVI and the IS and MG versions of the QL ROM

The only problem I have found so far concerns the use of numbered buffers over the network. I tested this aspect with Toolkit. 2.12 on my OL and MI M running on a Thor XVI file server.

I ran into difficulty after opening a new buffer in Thor memory from the Ql. Then I opened it on the Thor, which tound it without problems. For some unknown reason it was not possible to read the correct buffer address with FPOS from the QL. although random ac-

cess to Thor RAM worked satisfactorily. The QL gets an address of zero over the network, even though the Thor finds the buffer and gives the correct address every time.

The same thing happens if I open the buffer on the Thor lirst, then try to link to it from the QI. I tried setting a position of I but the pointer still seemed set to zero. I could not set any position less than zero or above 16 million-odd.

It seems that the top eight bits of the value are lost en route over the network. I am not sure whether this problem lies in the Thor, the QI or MEM I shall investigate further and hope to explain all next month

In any case this quirk does not invalidate the technique. The buffer Idea is most useful when communicating between programs on a single machine, you can network the address of a pre-allocated area easily enough by writing the address to a file. Other machines can read the address over the network with OPEN. IN once the file has been created and closed by the machine which owns the buffer.

The code for the MFM device is listed in two forms. I isting one is the assembly code program, assembled using Hisoft DevPac. You can type this text into your assembler if you want to customise the MFM device or merge it with other codes.

Listing two gives you a quick way to enter the code without using an assembler. It loads the equivalent machine code from DATA statements and saves the code in a file. Once you have loaded that file, as follows, you can OPI-N MI M channels from any task which runs on that machine.

base - RESPR(411) TBYTES "file name (base CALL base

The first part of listing two is Marcus Jetlery's standard loader used in each month's DIY Toolkit project. Only the DATA, from line 590 onwards changes from month to month, so that is all you need to type if you have typed in a DIY Toolkit listing previously and remembered to save it.

The MFM acvice is the most sophisticated DIY Tookkit routine to date and uses several techniques, which have never been explained properly in books about Qdos. There is no room to explain the listing of give defined examples, this month.

In the next issue I will be back with a detailed code commentary disgrams and short programs which show how MFM can be useful. I am still eager to hear schat you would like to see in this column. Please send your suggestions if you would like me to explore a specificated or implement routines which seem useful but have never appeared in commercial tootkay.

```
100 REMark Sinclair OL World HEX LOADER
110 REMark by Marcus Jeffery & Simon N Goodwin
120
150 CLS: RESTORE : READ space: start=RESPR(space)
160 PRINT "Loading Hex..." 2 HEX_LOAD start 170 INPUT "Save to file..." 144
IBO SBYTES fo, start, byte : STOP
190
200 DEFine Function DECIMAL(x)
    RETurn CODE (h$(x)) -48-7#(h$(x) >"9")
270 END DEFine DECIMAL
230 :
240 DEFine PROCedure HEX_LOAD(start)
290 byte = 0 : checksum = 0
300 REFeat load hex digits
310
       READ hs
        IF ht=""" : EXIT load her digits
320
        IF LEN(he) MDD 2
           PRINT"Odd number of hex digits in: "th#
350
160
        END IF
       FOR b = 1 TO LEN(ht) STEP 2
hb = DECIMAL(b) : 1b = DECIMAL(b+1)
IF hb<0 OR hb>15 OR 1b<0 OR 1b>15
370
380
390
400
              PRINT"Illegal hex digit in: "the : STOP
4.20
           END IF
430
           POKE start+byte, 16*hb+lb
           checksum = checksum + 16*hb + 1b
450
           byte = byte + 1
       FND FOR b
460
470 END REPeat load_hex_digits
4BII READ check
490 IF check <> checksum
550
       PRINT"Checkeum incorrect. Recheck data. ":STOP
520 END IF
530 PRINT"Checksum correct, date entered at: "jstart
560 END DEFINO HEX LOAD
580 REMark Space requirements for the machine code
590 DATA 414
600 :
610 REMark Machine code data
620 DATA "41FA006C45FA0092", "20CA45FA00B620CA"
630 BATA "45FA007C20CA41FA", "002245FA003220CA"
640 DATA "45FA007A20CA45FA",
                               "012C20CA41FA0008"
650 DATA "70204E414E750000"
                                "0000000000000000000"
660 DATA "00000000000000000"
                                #000000000000BU3E#
670 DATA "0009670001362A68",
                                "0016B03C0042671C"
680 DATA "B03C004367223479",
                                "000000EA4E920000"
696 DATA "00000000000000000",
                                "00004E754AB16A04"
700 DATA "222800222A41600C"
                                "DBC1220D60061AC1"
716 DATA "6002121D214D0018"
                                70004E755D8F264F
```

6026602460140003"

'FFFF205FFFFF0002"

"0000000C04E926706"

"3147001CABF 2316D"

'FF5E6158670841EB"

00026842504148011

"662C240B30C747FA"

"001B30C1294B0022"

"2953001E45EC001C"

"614A70FD60925144"

67082640BE 5B66E4

47FAFEF0612E3E14"

"47FAFEE061D68614"

"FECE5110C14C7019"

"00C24ED2244B2012"

720 DATA "3479000001224E92"

740 DATA "50542A4B722B3479"

750 DATA "508F4AB04E753E15"

800 DATA "2948001847FAFF24"

820 DATA "70F1608C244B2012"

850 DATA "28680022518047FA"

860 DATA "4E41204C34790000"

BLU DATA "2489204040992040".

"4D454D000003FFFF"

"00040026284847FA",

"0006700060263220",

"FF3620D326820441",

"740070184E414AB0"

4A804E7549E8001C

"6B2253690026671C"

870 DATA "670A264054BBB08C", "66F224934E75", "*", 32408

730 DATA

760 DATA

770 DATA

780 DATA

790 DATA

8 To DATA

840 DATA

omputer users struggling with poor screen displays can suffer from eyestrain, headaches and even back problems. There are three ingredients to poor screen displays - dot crawl. glare and reflections. While there is no universal cure for these problems it is rare to find all of them occurring at once. It is important, though, to identify which of the problems is present and then to apply the correct solution. Purchasing the cure for a problem you do not have might increase your troubles as well as waste your

Dot crawl occurs only on TV displays and is acceptable provided that the screen is viewed from a distance of at least one metre, that the computer is not used for long periods and that high-definition work is not undertaken. TV displays are therefore unsuitable for graphics design, desk-top publishing and extensive word processing. Dot crawl can be minimised by selecting, where possible, double width character sizes - at least CSIZE 2.0 - using the QL eight-colour low-resolution mode and by avoiding some colour combinations. The only cure for dot crawl is to replace the TV set with a monitor.

Glare flare

Glare is a by-product of poor screen contrast, which encourages users to increase the brightness setting until the bright parts of the screen display "flare". Glare might be so bad that halos round characters such as "m", "n" and "w" make them indistinguishable. A partial improvement can be obtained by locating the monitor away from any strong light source, such as a window, and by darkening the room, thus allowing the monitor brightness setting to be reduced. Desk lights should be positioned slightly behind the monttor screen and well to one side If those measures are ineffective, screen contrast can be enhanced greatly by the addition of a polarising filter to the front of the monitor.

Polarised sunglasses have been available for many years. They take advantage of the fact that light waves oscillating vertically are responsible for

Anti Glare Screen

Mike Lloyd reports on screens to reduce computer eyestrain.

much more glare than light waves oscillating horizontally. Polarised lenses have a molecular structure which blocks much of the vertical light waves and let through most of the horizontal light waves. That is why using polarising sunglasses while lying on your side is worse than not wearing them.

Glare could be reduced by wearing non-tinted polarised glasses when computing but a more practical solution is to buy a relatively inexpensive polarising filter mounted on a firm plastic frame which is attached to the front of the monitor by means of Velcro patches. Not only is the contrast between light and dark pixels enhanced but the richness of colouring is improved

This is particularly noticeable with red ink on a black background, a combination usually unreadable on monochromatic screens. Various sizes of frame are available to suit most makes of monitor but polarising filters have one big disadvantage their shiny surfaces increase the problem of reflections

External reflections are the biggest single cause of visual discomfort when using a computer monitor. Except by taking the extreme step of controlling the intensity and position of all light sources in the computing area. little can be done to prevent annoyingly intrusive reflections from degrading the screen display

The Microvitec Cub, one of the most popular monitors for the QL, is particularly prone to reflections. Some monitors have a ground glass screen which dissipates much of the reflected light but this also reduces the display contrast and so contributes to glare,

A more recent development is the mesh filter, also known as the silk screen filter, which can be made either of a special and very expensive glass or from a finely-stretched piece of non-reflective nylon mounted in a plastic frame. Do-it-yourself fanatics might like to try stretching an old pair of

women's tights over their monitors

Anti-reflection filters work on the principle that reflected light usually hits the screen at an angle. The mesh only allows through light which is perpendicular to the face of the screen, thus giving light from the monitor an advantage while absorbing light from external sources. Again, these tilters are in many sizes to suit different monitor designs and they are often described, confusingly, as being anti-glare filters.

Cub filter

I have been trying a mesh filter for the Microvitec Cub bought from Inmac, which supplies by mail order to business customers. It costs £30 plus VAT and is in a simple protective carton. The frame is coloured black on one side and light grey on the other so that it could complement either the QL or the BBC variants of the Cub, Included in the package are four small Velcro strips which are fixed to the monitor surround by very strong double-sided sticky tape. The filter needs to be removed occasionally to clean the screen

The Cub has a distinctly curved front and the filter is uncompromisingly straight; therefore the only attachment points were at the top centre and bottom centre. The increased distance between the screen and the filter at the edges tended to make characters look very slightly out of focus. The filter does not remove all reflected light because the nylon threads of which it is made are not completely non-reflective. In strong light, the diamond grid of the nylon weave can clearly be seen but the overall effect is remarkable

A little care is needed to keep the filter in good condition. Glass and polarising filters can be cleaned in the same way as screens but nylon mesh filters would be damaged by sprays and cloths They are cleaned by a little roller of double-sided tape which picks up pieces of dust.

All filter types can be bought with an anti-static device if static electricity is a particular problem but for most users that is an unnecessary sophistication. Smokers can soon destroy a mesh screen by inadvertently touching the nylon with a lighted cigarette Clumsy users risk putting their fingers through the mesh if they point to things on the screen

People soon become so accustomed to the improved display that they need to remove the filter occasionally to to remind themselves of how bad the reflections used to be. My company is now buying 80 mesh filters because everybody wants one.

Prices for filters depend on the supplier, the size of the monitor, the advertiser's perceived market and the quantity ordered. Polarised filters tend to be less than £20, while mesh filters cost about £25-35. Glass mesh filters are available for around £100. Check with your supplier for details about costs for filters suitable for your monitor and ask for advice about what kind of filter to obtain

INFORMATION

Polarising filters

Advantages: Improves contrast, enhances colours, cheap.

Disadvantages: Shiny surface can cause reflections
Target Price: £12-£15

Nylon mesh filters

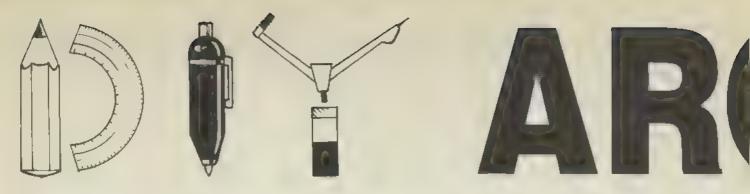
Advantages: Reduces external reflections, some reduction

Disadvantages: Not very robust. Slightly awkward to clean

Target Price: £25-£35

Glass screen filters

Advantages: Removes up to 99 percent of reflections and improves colour contrast. Robust. Easy to clean. Disadvantages: Expensive Target Price, £90-£120



In part two of his series on Archive programming, John Davis looks at procedures for copying and opening files and creating dbf files.

ny program will need procedures to do the housekeeping — copying, opening and clossing of files. It is sensible therefore to have a suite of procedures which will do this Before moving on to write these it is necessary to say a little about variable names. First it is important to remember that the reserved words — the commands provided as part of Archive — may not be used as variable names, even with the suffix '\$' as a string variable.

Parameters and variables declared as 'local' will be recognised only within the procedure to which they apply. They will not affect or be affected by global variables — those applying to the whole program. As an example, go into edit mode and write the following procedure:

```
proc adder;a
local b
let b = 10
let c = a + 10
endproc
```

Escape from edit mode and type:

```
let a = 100
let b = 200
let c = 300
adder;2
print a
print b
```

The results should be 100, 200 and 12 respectively; the global variables a and b are unaffected by the parameter a or the local variable b.

One word of caution is necessary. Archive looks for parameters and local variables before it looks for global variables but it looks for fieldnames before it looks for either. So if you have the following procedure for helping format print files:

```
proc 1p;t,p$
1print tab t,p$
endproc
```

and a global variable p\$ which contains the value "Jim" and you enter the follow-

ing command 1p;10, "Fred", the word "Fred" will be sent to the printer in column 10. If you then open a __dbf file which has

```
Listing 1
A program to create _dbf files for
a hypothetical database with files
"d", "o" and "w"
    let ind1 = 9999999
let ind2 = 9999999
let ind3 = 9999999
    close
    endproc
proc maked
kill prg$+"d"+' dbf'
create prg$+"d" logical "d"
      ind1
      etc
      nŝ
      endcreate
    init
    endproc
proc makemain
kill prg$+"
create prg$
wdr$
                      dbf"
      mdr$
       scdr$
       budr$
       filess
       levels$
      screens$
      prints$
endcreate
   append
alter
endproc
proc makeo
   kill prg$+"o"+" dbf"
create prg$+"o" logical "o"
      X3
      ind1
      atc
n$
      endcreate
   init
   endproc
proc makew
kill prog$+"w"+"_dbf"
create prg$+"w"logical "w"
      endcreate
   endproc
proc start
rem Change name to "make" if
included in main program during
development
input "Programme Name?";prg$
   error makemain
   error maked
  error maked
```

error makew

a field p\$ the value of which in the current record is 'Mary" and once again enter the command:

```
1p;10,"Jim"
```

much to your dismay you will discover that the word "Mary" will be sent to the printer. Close the file and try again and once more "Jim" will appear in print. Finally enter the command

1 Print tab 10 p\$

and the word "Fred" will appear at the printer; the global variable has been unaffected by the parameter with the same name

This can be very disconcerting; it took me several weeks to discover what was going wrong when my procedure "ops" for opening a number of files always came up with an error after opening a particular file. Since many of one's procedures may well be general-purpose and likely to be used with a number of different __dbf files, I believe it to be useful to have a convention for ensuring that the two never conflict. As a general rule I now reserve variable names of one or two characters +\$ for strings -- for parameters and local variables and I use names of three characters or more for fields and global variables. I commend the practice.

It is inevitable that any program will involve copying even if only to make a back-up copy of the amended __dbf at the end. To avoid failing with an error any previous copy of the file must be deleted before the back-up copy is made. The following procedure does both:

```
proc cop,o$,n$,d1$,d2$

kill d2$+n$

backup d1$+o$ as d2$+n$
endproc
```

o\$ is the file to be copied, n\$ is the new file name, d1\$ is the source drive and d2\$ is the drive to which the copy is to be made So the command cop 'myfile', 'myfile', 'mdv1', 'mdv2', will copy the file called myfile from mdv1 to mdv2 with the same name and

"cop, "a", "b", "mdv1__", "mdv1__" will copy file a as file b on the same drive.

It is obviously good practice to keep an unopened copy of the file on which you are working, since a system crash with a _dbf file open may well cost you the contents of that file. If you are using Microdrives and have both this working copy and the security copy on the same medium it will be prudent to have yet another copy on another medium.

Ramdisc

If you have Ramdiscs available it is a good idea to keep your screen files on Ramdisc to improve response times Provided the files are not too large you can also keep the open working copy of your _dbf files on Ramdisc as well for the same reason. If you have a large memory expansion but are still using Microdrives you may well have more space on your Ramdisc than on any one mdv. If you do this, remember to close and copy promptly as soon as you have done your work as data on Ramdisc Is very vulnerable; copying back to a permanent medium every half-hour or so during a work session is not a bad idea. Another risk is that you could end up with a ...dbf file on the Ramdisc larger than 110K which you would be unable to copy to mdv without deleting some records.

As supplied, Archive allows you to choose where to keep your system information — the program + printer__dat — Help files and data files. The Superbasic program config_bas is used to change these

Although it is not immediately obvious in Archive, 'data' files do not just mean _dbf files, the term also includes _scn, _prg and __pro files. You may wish to keep these on different devices and to be able to vary on which device you keep particular types of data depending on whether you have, for example, Ramdisc or on the size of your __dbf file. As a result I identified the need for four global variables to hold the identities of four different devices:

wdr\$ -- holds the open working __dbf files sdr\$ - holds the security copy of the __dbf scdr\$ - holds the screen files budr\$ - holds any additional backup

copy of the __dbf files

Also, if these procedures are to be general-purpose and available for a variety of programs, it is necessary to have a variable called prg\$ to identify the files relating to a given program. Since you may wish your programs to be easily converted to run on PC Four on an IBM to have a variable called join\$ which is an underscore for the Odos-based machines and a full-stop for IBM PCs.

Concerning the naming of files, I decided that

a. Programs should have four character names

b. Working __dbf files which, in a sense are ephemeral only, should be given single-character names.

c. Working screen file should have twocharacter names, the first character identifying the file to which it relates and the second identifying the particular screen

d. Working copies of menu screen files should have a name resulting from the concatenation of "men" and a single character.

e. The main copies of all these should have a name concatenated from the program name and the working file name

So a program called "comm" with four _dbf files called "d", "w", "o" and "z" for each of which there is only onescn file and only one menu has the following files:

held on sdr\$ commd__dbf commw__dbf commd__dbf commz_dbf held on wdr\$ d_dbf w_dbf o_dbf z__dbf held on sdr\$ commda__scn commwa__scn commoa_scn commza_scn commenu__scn held on scdr\$ da_scn wal_scn oa__scn za sch menu_scn

By using the block copying convention I found it possible to concatenate all the various __dbf file names together into a global variable called files\$, all the screen names into a variable called screen\$ and the menu names into a variable called menu\$. For the foregoing program the values of these variables are as follows:

Files\$ dwoz Screen\$ dawaoaza Menu\$

proc screops

I then do all necessary copying using the following procedures:

```
proc opcops
  rem makes working copies of __dbf files
  local no
  let no=1
  while no<len(files$)+1
    cop:pra$+files$(no)+ioin$+
    'dbf",files$(no)+join$+"dbf",s-
    dr$.wdr$
    let no=no+1
    endwhile
    cstat
  endproc
```

```
rem makes working copies of screens
use "main"
local po
  let po=1
  while po<len(screens$) + 1
  cop;prg$+screens$(po to po+ 1)+
  join$+"scn",screens$
     (po to po+ 1)+join$+"scn",sdr$,
    scdr$
    let po=po+2
    endwhile
  let po=1
  while po<len(menus$) +1
    cop;prg$+"men"+menus$(po)+
join$+"scn","men"+menus$
(po)+ join$+"scn",sdr$.scdr$
    let po=po+1
    endwhile
    cstat
  endproc
```

```
proc clocops
  rem copies back_dbf files at end of
  stat;"Making Security Copies"
  use "main
  local n
  let n=1
  while n<len(files$)+1
    cop;files$(n)+join$+"dbf",prg$+.
      files$(n)+join$+"dbf",wdr
    $.sdr$
    let n=n+1
```

endwhile cstat endproc

proc bucops

rem makes extra copy of __dbf files on d fferent med.um stat;"Making Backup Security Copies"

```
if budr$ = sdr$
  return
  endif
local n
let n=1
while n<len(files$)+1
  cop.prg$+files$(n)+join$+"dbf",
    prg$+files$(n)+join$+dbf
    '.sdr$,budr$
let n=n+1
  endwh le
  cstat
endproc</pre>
```

In the foregoing procedures the procedure "stat" prints the string given as a parameter centre justified on the bottom line of the screen — assuming a monitor with a screen width of 80 columns in reverse video.

```
proc stat;p$
local t$
ink 0: paper 7
if len (p$)>80
let t$ = p$(1 to 80)
else
let t$ = p$
endif
print at 21,40 — int(len(p$).2):p$
ink 7: paper 0
endproc
```

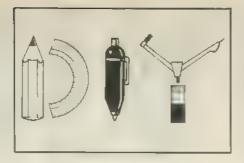
The following procedure clears this 'status line' by printing a line of 80 spaces — white ink on black paper — over the message displayed by "stat":

```
priod cstat
print at 21,0;rept(" ",80)
endprod
```

Those filenames above "comma_dbf", "a_dbf" and so on are not the only names files have; each open _dbf file must have a logical filename (Ifn) If no files are open already with the Ifn "main" and a file is opened without any Ifn, Archive will allocate it automatically the name "main"; otherwise it is up to the programmer.

When a number of files are opened the last one will be the 'current' file — the file used by a number of commands unless, in some cases, another is specified. The current file can be changed by the command "use Ifn". If "a" is the current file and you wish to Search, Find, Locate or Insert — all commands which can be executed only on the current file — on "b":-

use "b"



will achieve what you want. The following commands can be executed on a file other than the current file if an Ifn is added, e.g., Append "b" will add a record to the file with the Ifn "b" whatever is the current file):

all. . . endail: fastest possible scan but must be used with care if records are to be altered

append: adds a record to the current or specified while with the current values of the field variables; i.e., it 'clones' the current record of that file

back: moves back one record

delete, deletes the current record of the current or specified file.

first: makes the first record of the file the current record

last: makes the the last record the current record.

next: makes the next record the current record

When assigning values to variables — i.e., let — lfns are used thus:

let b.initials\$ = a. initials\$

or (if "a" is the current file)

let b.initials\$ = initials\$

A series of such assignments need then to be followed by:

update "b" (which will amend the current record in "b"), or append "b" (which will add a new record to "b")

unless the values assigned to the fields in Ifn "b" are required to be held there only temporarily since otherwise they will be lost on moving to another record in Ifn "b" or on closing the file. An assignment of a value to a field merely changes the current value of that field without permanently affecting the __dbf file.

I decided that, in my scheme of filenames, files should have the same Ifn as their filename which will invariably consist of a single letter. I made provision for the opening of a "main" file for each program which must have a name of more than one character. Having decided this, files can be opened by the following two procedures

proc op;f\$
if len(f\$)>1
open f\$

else
open main.wdr\$+f\$ logical f\$
endif
endproc

proc ops
local no
let no=1
while no<len(main.files\$)+1
op,main.files\$(no)
let no=no+1
endwhile
endproc

It will be noted that these two procedures refer to main.files\$ and main.wdr\$ This is because I decided to provide each program with a "main" __dbf containing the following program variables.

wdr\$

sdr\$
scdr\$
budr\$
files\$
screens\$
menus\$
levels\$) The significance of these two
variables
prints\$) will be explained later.

I will also be explaining the creation of this __dbf file and others later. The reason the procedures refer to main.wdr\$ and main.files\$ rather than just wdr\$ and files\$ is because once a file has been opened it becomes the current file and so displaces Ifn "main" from this position. Without this full variable description ops and op would look to the most recently-opened file for wdr\$ and files\$ and, if it did not contain such fields, global variables would be sought.

Listings

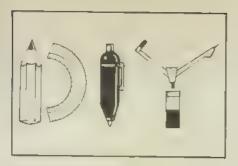
Until now I have embodied individual listings in the text but from now they will be appended as a listing. In the next part I will explain how listings may be obtained. Suffice it to say at this stage that all procedures start with the word "proc" at the margin and all other lines are indented. Thus if any lines, other than "proc" lines, in the printed listing appear to start at the margin they are the continuation of the previous line. Also hyphens at the end of the previous line of which they are the continuation are not part of the listing

A __dbf file can be created by a series of direct commands:

create "filename" or, if another file is open create "filename" logical "Ifn"

followed by the names of the fields in the order in which you wish to access them. When all fields have been entered, enter 'endcreate".

If you discover on debugging that you have made a mistake or you wish to add a field or change their sequence, you have no choice but to 'kill' the file and type it all



again with the attendant risk of error. As a result I prefer to make a program which creates the database for each program. Listing one is of my program "makecomm" will create the database for the program "comm".

So far as makemain is concerned this will create a file and allow the initial values of the system information to be entered. The complete database can be created by entering 'start'

individual __dbf files can be created by calling the specific procedure, e.g., if you enter 'maked' the __dbf prg\$+"d" will be regenerated The procedure init adds a single record to each file, empty except, that the fields ind1, ind2 and ind3 are set to a high value. The reason will become clear in the next part

If in program development it proves necessary to change a particular __dbf tile

a. Close the file concerned

- b Save the program you are working on
- c Load the "make" program related to that program
- d. Edit the "make" procedure for the file e.g., for file "a" makea
- e. Save the "make" program
- Execute it by typing "start >Enter<"
- g. Reload the program on which you were working

This will replace the file concerned but will, of course, destroy any data in that file so is acceptable only during development before the program has been used. With the next part I will be publishing a listing of my program "reorgdb" which allows fields to be added to or deleted from __dbf files or the order of fields changed without losing the data

Since init, makemain and start will always be the same in any of these database creation programs it is worth saving these procedures as the programme "makegen", replacing the other three "make" procedures with

rem Insert procs to make database files e.g error makea

An alternative procedure would be to include, during development, init, the make procedures and the make program's "start" procedure — renamed as "make" — in the program being developed. This would simplify the recreation of —dbf files during development. At the end

the two separate programs could be separated out by the following procedure:-

- a. Save the program as finally edited under its program name, e.g., "comm"
- b. Delete all procedures except init and those beginning with "make"
- c. Save as "make...."(the.... representing the program name, e.g., "make comm".)
- d. Reload the original program
- e. Delete init and all procedures beginning with "make"
- f. Save again under the program name (e.g., "make").

Database files once created will be "open". While open they are at risk and if the computer power is interrupted they may be corrupted. At the end of a session they may be closed individually by the command "Close" repeated for every open file. Alternatively the Command 'Quit" which finishes the Archive session closes all open files, as does "New' which clears the present program, while leaving Archive still running. In the next part I will include a procedure which closes all open files without losing either Archive or the resident program

In part three I will deal with the block closing, sorting and reorganisation of database files and general purpose "start" and "end" procedure

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SUPERBASIC

In the final summing-up of the Calculator project, Mike Lloyd adds menu control for a polished finish.

onnections between real-life screen and the pixel world of computer programs are often links by analogy. Thus an icon display becomes a desk-top and a collection of bytes on a storage device becomes a file. A collection of useful utilities is a toolkit and a temporary work space is a scratchpad. Such powerful imagery helps computer users understand what is happening among the chips.

One image which needs to be impressed on all programmers for the benefit of all computer users is that the menus of a computer program are its knobs, levers, switches and dials. This was brought home to me recently while I was testing a word processing package, It had all the mod cons of spelling checker, WYSIWYG drawing facilities and comprehensive printer control. All its functions, however, were buried deep in a gigantic menu hierarchy so that even deleting a character needed five keypresses. Somewhere among the sophistication and complexity of the program the user's needs had been forgotten.

Corkscrews and plugs

As one software engineer put it, "Corkscrews and electric plugs are easy to use only because a designer has taken the trouble to make them so; programmers seem so engrossed with making programs work that they forget to make them also easy to use."

Even on simple programs like the *QL-Calculator* project it is important to make users feel at home as soon as possible. User confidence can be built by making program control logical and familiar, often by emulating standards set by other software. Confidence is maintained by meticulous attention to error-trapping, by applying consistency in the choice of control keys, by giving users an escape route before committing them to any irrevocable act, and so on.

```
Listing 4.1

4100 DEFine PROCedure Store_Menu
4105 LOCal x, k
4115 FOR x = 1 TO 5: Show_Menu x, Store$(x)
4170 Flag "-|"
4125 k = Fetchkey (Fkey$)
4110 IF k
4135 Store$(k) = To_Dec$ (In_Base, Num$)
4140 Show_Menu k, Store$(k)
4145 Flag "F" & k: PAUSE 50
4150 END IF
4155 END DEFine Store_Menu
```

```
Listing 4.2

4200 DEFine PROCedure Flag (Text$)

4205 Calc_Wndo: AT 8, 11: Hue 2: PRINT Text$;

4210 END DEFine Flag
```

```
Listing 4.3
4300 DEFine PROCedure Fetch_Menu
4305 LOCal x, Key
4515 FOR x = 1 TO 5
       IF ABS (Store$(x)) < In Base^8
4 120
4325
         Show_Menu x, Store$(x)
4 3 50
4335
         Show_Menu x, " * * *": Fkey$(x +1) = "?"
4:36
       END IF
4357 END FOR x
4540 Flag "<-"
4345 Key = Fetchkey (Fkey$)
4 篇Ø IF Key
4355
       Num* = From_Dec*(In_Base, Store*(Key))
4360
       Flag "F" & Key
4565 END IF
41/0 END DEFine Fetch_Menu
```

Readers who have followed the development of the QL-Calculator program will know that error-trapping has been achieved in part by specifying a string of valid keypresses and responding only to them. When sub-menus are displayed the range of valid keys is reduced to six, the five function keys and the escape key, which provides a "hidden option" in each menu. Knowing that the Fetchkey function, published earlier, will respond only to those keys makes further error-trapping in this month's modules much more straightforward.

Using the function keys

Although designing a menu structure using only the function keys would impose severe restrictions on a large program it is an ideal way to maintain menu consistency in a small program. Three of the submenus are connected with data storage and retrieval; the fourth controls system options and the fifth allows the program to be exited.

Listing 4.1 controls the storage of a value currently appearing on the input line. The menu displays any values which have been saved previously so that the user can avoid over-writing them accidentally. A prominent arrow pointing from the input line towards the menu area indicates the direction of traffic. A user presses a function key to store the input line value. If he changes his mind after selecting this sub-menu he can press the escape key to return to the main input mode.

All values in decimal

The QL-Calculator stores all values in decimal, no matter what the input or output base might be, hence the call to the conversion routine at line 4135. When a value is saved the menu display is updated and the function key pressed is displayed momentarily near to the input line.

The "flag" routine at listing 4.2 displays arrows and function key names next to the input line. This short procedure saves five repetitions of the code it contains. The next listing is the opposite of the first, retrieving values which have been saved previously. Once again users benefit from an informative sub-menu display showing the values which have been saved. The arrow now points from the menu towards the input line but the basic principle of pressing a function key to obtain a result remains the same.

For obvious reasons values which are too great to be displayed in the current input base cannot be selected. They are replaced in the menu display by a line of

```
Listing 4.4
4400 DEFine PROCedure Constant_Menu
4405 LOCal x, Key, Number(5), Temp$(10)
4415 \text{ FOR } \times = 1 \text{ TO } 5
4420 IF ABS (Const$(x)) < In_Base^8
4425
     Number(x) = Const*(x)
4430
      Temp$ = Const$(x, " " INSTR Const<math>$(x) + 1 TO)
4435
     Show_Menu x, Temp$
4440 ELSE
4445 Show_Menu x, " * * *": Fkey$ (x +1) = "?"
4450 END IF
4455 END FOR x
4460 Flag "<-"
4465 Key = Fetchkey (Fkey$)
4470 IF Key
       Num$ = From_Dec$(In_Base, Number(Key))
4480
4485
       Flag
            'f' & Key
4490 END IF
4495 END DEFine Constant_Menu
```

```
Listing 4.5
4500 DEFine PROCedure Set Menu
4502 LOCal x, Loop, Key
4506 REPeat Loop
                     "IN = " & Base$ (In_Val)
4508
       Show_Menu 1,
       Show Menu 2, "OUT = " & Base$ (Out_Val)
4510
4512
       Show_Menu 3, "PRT = " & Prt$ (PrtOn +1)
       Show_Menu 4, "MODE= " & Mode$ (IntOnly +1)
4514
4516
       Show_Menu 5, "RETURN"
1510
       Key = Fetchkey (Fkey$)
45.10
       SELect ON Key
45.72
        - 0, 5: EXIT Loop
         = i: In_Val
4524
                        = 1 +In_Val
                                      MOD 4
45,15
         = 2: Out_Val = 1 +Out_Val MOD 4
4528
         = 4: Set Printer
45 70
         - 4: IF IntOnly
4532
                 IntOnly = 0
4534
              ELSE
45 6
                 IF In_Val = 1 AND Out_Val = 1
4578
                   IntOnly = 1
4540
4542
                   Warning
4544
                 END IF
4546
              END IF
4548
       END SELect
       IF In_Val > 1 OR Out_Val > 1: IntOnly = 1
4550
4593
       In_Base = CODE (BaseVal* (In_Val))
4554
       Out_Base = CODE (BaseVal$ (Out_Val))
4556 END REPeat Loop
4558 END DEFine Set_Menu
```

```
Listing 4.6

4600 DEFine PROCedure Set_Printer
4605 IF PrtOn
4610 PRINT#5; CHR$(7): CLOSE#5
4612 PrtOn = 0
4615 ELSE
4620 OPEN#5, ser1: PRINT#5; CHR$(7);
4625 PrtOn = 1
4630 END IF
4635 END DEFine
```

asterisks and the appropriate menu key value in the Valid\$ string is replaced by a question-mark, making it unselectable, to preserve the integrity of the error-trapping system.

Listing 4.4 is very similar to its predecessor, except that it uses values stored in the "constants" array. Unusually, they are stored together with their labels in a single character array. Coercion is used to extract the values, while the INSTR function is used to strip out the textual descriptions. As previously, values too great for the current input base are suppressed.

The third sub-menu is used to set what might be termed the program "system variables". The most immediately useful are those controlling the input and output bases. Pressing either F1 or F2 cycles round the available options until the desired ones are reached. This is an unwieldly way of presenting a large number of options but it is manageable here.

Integers or real numbers

Values represented in binary, octal or hexidecimal are always integers, while decimal values can also be real numbers. Users can toggle between integer and real number input by pressing F3.

The F4 key toggles the printer option on and off using the controlling code contained in the next procedure definition. The F5 key, which otherwise would be redundant, is linked to the ESC key to give an overt means of leaving this menu when all choices are complete. In this program users can make many selections in this sub-menu before opting to return to the main input mode.

After each keypress the module must update the menu display and check whether it must force the QL-Calculator into integer mode because a non-decimal base has been chosen. Similarly, it must prevent the user selecting the real number mode when a non-decimal base is present. This has been achieved by reprinting the menu after every keystroke, a cumbersome solution but one requiring very little code.

Nest structures and quit

Listing 4.6 opens or closes a channel to the printer via the ser1 interface and uses Epson control codes to make the printer beep an acknowledgement. The variable "PrtOn", which is set or re-set here, is referred to elsewhere in the program to determine whether or not hard copy is required

The Quit sub-menu is unusual in that is is programmed as a function which returns a value to the main input mode. This

```
Listing 4.7

4700 DEFine Function Quit_Menu
4705 LOCal x, Loop, Key
4715 Show_Menu 1, "Quit": Show_Menu 2, "Resume"
4720 FOR x = 3, 4, 5: Show_Menu x, " "
4725 Key = Fetchkey (Fkey$)
4730 IF Key = 1: RETurn I
4735 RETurn 0
4740 END REPeat Loop
4745 END DEFine Quit Menu
```

```
Listing 4.8

4800 DEFine PROCedure Quit_Calc

4805 PrtOut "* END CALC"

4810 IF PrtOn: CLOSE#5

4815 END DEFine Quit_Calc
```

arrangement is for the benefit of the purists who like to ensure that all nested structures are exited properly prior to quitting a program. Just two options are displayed, allowing users to confirm the decision to quit or to resume using the calculator. If the exit option is confirmed the final listing, 4.8, tidies by printing an explanatory message and closing the printer channel.

Utilities such as QL-Calculator are most useful, as executable jobs can be multi-tasked. This can be achieved only by machine code programs or ones which have been compiled with one of the many proprietary compilers available for the QL. The following comments are based on the Digital Precision Turbo compiler, the most powerful but also the most demanding compiler on the market

By compiling the QL-Calculator it can be loaded much faster: it can have nondestructive windows which return the screen display to exactly what it was before the program was accessed; its error-trapping can be much improved and more significant digits can be displayed.

The compiled version is likely to be larger in size, routines to turn the program on and to suspend SuperBasic would need to be added, and the increase in speed for which compilers are noted would largely be wasted on such an interactive program.

Although QL-Calculator will compile with Turbo with little difficulty, some rewriting is necessary to take full advantage of the facilities the compiler offers. The compiled program needs no special window-handling or hotkey arrangements if Qram is used because it can be accessed and removed by pressing CTRL-C in the absence of Qram, procedures similar to those included with Turbo will need to be incorporated to restore screen displays and turn the calculator on and off.

The SuperBasic version of the program cannot detect whether it has been successful in opening a channel to the printer. The printer might be busy or the channel might be allocated for another purpose. The Turbo toolkit includes a new keyword, Device_status, which can detect such problems before they cause a crash

How to hold the digits

The Turbo nine-digit precision is a d fferent matter, because it affects the QL-Calculator conversion routines adversely. A simple cure is to re-write these routines so that they do not depend on the presence of the "E" symbol to trigger overflow action. The additional digits by extending the calculator display area, increasing the size of appropriate strings by two character spaces and amending the code accordingly. These changes affect a few modules in the program and should be undertaken with great care, keeping an unmodified version of the program in a safe place until the changes have been tested.

The easiest way of obtaining a compiled version of QL-Calculator is to order one from Microdrive Exchange when it appears there. The program has been partly re-written and extended to include a larger variety of useful constants, more menu options and a useful ASCII code display.

■ The next issue of SuperBasic answers many of your queries about technical aspects of SuperBasic. If you have found a problem with SuperBasic programming, or you would like to share a programming tip, write to Mike Lloyd, Sinclair QL World, Focus Magazines Ltd, Greencoat House, Francis Street, London SW1 1DG





Program of the month

CUBE by Dirk de Mal

which you unscramble the colours in the cube in as few turns as possible and in the correct colour order

The game is very simple to play. There are five levels of difficulty from 1 (difficult) to 5 (easy).

The rest is self-explanatory.

10 MODE B:CLS#1 20 BORDER 0: WINDOW 450, 210, 35, 15: FA PER#L, 0:CL S#2 10 PAPER 0:CLS:CLS#0:screen 40 inkt:was:instruct:TIME:number 50 jumble 60 DEFine PROCedure screen /0 BORDER 0: CSIZE 0, 0: AT 15,5: FRINT november 1987 DIRK DE MAL" 80 at 1:a2-6:a3=2:b1=1:b2=6:b7=2:c1 =1:E2=6:c3 2:pva=b1:pvb=b2:pvc=b3:p vd =a2:pve=bz:pvf=c2 PM BORDER Ø 100 CSIZE 3,1:FOR R≈1 TO 80:CURSOR 190, REINK RND(1 TO 100) (PRINT "CUBE ":NEXT RibeginibeginiCLS:UNDER 1:AT Ø,11:INK 6:PRINT "CUBE":UNDER Ø:nu mber 110 OPEN#3, scr_50:40a150:50 120 OPEN#4, scr_50:40a207 50 130 OPEN#5, scr_50:40a254x50 140 OREN#6, scr_50:40a150:93 150 OPEN#7, scr_50:40a202:92 160 OPEN#8, scr_50x40a254:92 170 OPEN#9, scr_50x40a150 134 180 OPEN#10, scr 50 40a002 134 190 DPEN#11, mcr 50x40a254x134 200 END DEFine 210 DEFine PROCedure jumble 220 tcheck 230 END DEFine 240 DEFine PROCedure inkt 250 PAPER#3, a1: PAPER#4, b1: PAPER#5, c 260 PAPER#6, a2: PAPER#7, b2: PAPER#8, c 270 PAPER#9, #3: PAPER#10, 63: PAPER#11 280 END DEFine 290 DEFine PROCedure was TOW CLS#3: CLS#4: CLS#5: CLS#6: CLS#7: C LS#8:CLS#9:CLS#10:CLS#11 31,0 END DEFine 320 DEFine PROCedure looka

350 LET bl=airinkt:pann 4:ai=cirink tipann SiLET clapvalinktipann Sivar 340 END DEFine 350 DEFine PROCedure lookb 160 LET b2=a2:inkt:pann 7:a2-c2:ink t:pann 6:LET c2mpvb::nkt:pann 8:var 170 END DEFine 380 DEFine PROCedure looks 190 LET b3=a3:inkt:pann 10:a3=c3:in ktipann 9:LET c3=pvc:inkt:pann 11:v 400 END DEFine 410 DEFine PROCedure looks 420 LET a2=altinkt:scrol 6:a1=a3:in ktiscrol 3:LET a3=pvd:inktiscrol 9: 4 10 END DEFine 440 DEFine PROCedure looke 450 LET b2=b1:inkt:scrol 7:b1=b3:in ktiscrol 4:LET b3=pve:inktiscrol 10 Ivar 460 END DEFine 470 DEFine PROCedure look! 400 LET cleatiinktiscrol 8:c1=c3:in ktiscrol 5:LET c3=pvf:inktiscrol ii tvar 490 END DEFine 500 DEFine PROLedure var 510 pva=b1:pvb=b2:pvd=a2:pve=b2:pvc b spyfor 520 END DEFine 530 DEFine PROCedure TIME 540 CSIZE 0, 0:AT 17,0:INE 0:PRINT F ILL#(" ",50): INK 6:AT 18,9:FRINT "1 SHARD SHEARY": AT 17,0: INK 3: PRINT "Which lever are you going to play? 'irecheck 550 FND DEFine 560 DEFine PROCedure recheck 570 a=CODE ([NKEY\$(-1)) 580 REPeat loop 590 SELect ON a 600 49:1 -8 610 - 50:1 - 9 620 51:1 1Ø 630 552:1 15 640 =53:k=20 650 REMAINDER :negsound:recheck and END SELect 0/0 CSIZE 0,0:AT 18,9:PRINT FILL\$(" ",14)

P-R O-G-S

680 Y-0:sprint:min:info:beurt 690 END DEFine '00 DEfine PROCedure beurt '10 CSIZE 0.0:AT 17,0:PRINT FILL\$(" ",30):AT 17,6:INK 2:PRINT "You sti li have ";k;" turns." LØ LET m=K 1 * ± Ø - K -- m 740 check 750 IF m=-1 THEN INF 6: CLS: CSIZE 3, LIGT 4, :PRINT "YOU FAILED !!! | blow upswrong 760 jumble '78 END DEFINE /80 DEFine PROCedure check '90 IF al=1 AND a2=6 AND a . HND b I=1 AND b2=6 AND b3=2 AND c1=1 AND c7=6 AND c3=2 THEN victory:80 TO 10 70 +00 END DEFine 810 DEFine PROCedure victory BLG RESIDAE 900 B W READ U 840 IF U=0 THEN REJUIN HEND D 860 BEEP 7000*D, u 870 PAUSE 3 HER IF BEEFING THEN GO TO SER 8 90 GO TO 8 '0 900 DATA 104,1,104,1,91,1,109,1.5,1 04,.5,91,1,81,1,81,1,76,1,81,1,7,91, ...,104,1,01, 104, 10, 104, 910 D614 104, 5,91, 6,01, 76, 5,6 5,1,65,1,65,1,65,1,5,76,5,76,5,71,1,77, 1, 5, 1, '6, 1, '6, 1, 5, 81, 5, 91, 1 920 DATA 81,1, 6,.5,81,.5,91,.5,104 1.1.51,1.1.44, 1,104,.5,104,.5,0 900 END DEFine 940 DEFine PROCedure mix 950 CSIZE 0,0: INK 4:AT 17,0:PRINT F ILL\$(" ",50):AT 17,10:FRINT "Now Ju mt Lir j. " 960 FOR R≈1 TO 20 √ 3 t=RND(1 TO 6) 980 IF t=1 THEN looks 990 IF t=2 THEN lookb 1000 IF t=3 THEN looks 1010 IF t=4 THEN looks 1000 IF t=5 THEN looke 1030 IF t=6 THEN looks 1040 NEXT R 1050 END DEFine 1060 DEFine PROCedure wrong 10/0 CSIZE 0,0:AT 18,2:AT 18,3:INF 21PRINT "Do you want to try again? 1080 amCODE (INFEY#(-1)) 1090 Y=2 1100 REPeat loop 1110 SELect ON a 1120 =89:sprint:RUN 1130 =78:sprintreinde 1140 =121:sprint:RUN 1150 =110:sprint:einde 1160 =REMAINDER inegsound: wrong 1170 DEFine PEOCedure einde 1180 INF 4: BURDER 0: CLS: CLS#0: CS176 Tital 5,9:PRINT "BYETT":FOR a=1 TO 4:begin:NEXT aiCLS:STOP 1190 END DEFine 1200 DEFine PROCedure begin 1210 RESTORE 1300 1220 FOR 1=1 TO 54 1230 READ N.D. 1240 IF D=1.1 THEN D-1.7 1050 PAUSE .5 1260 BEEP 3000*D, N 1270 IF BEEPING THEN GO TO 1270 1280 BORDER D, RND (6)

1290 NEXT I 1300 DATA 51,.5,55,.5,51,1.3,111,1. 7,111,1.3,71,.5,8 ,.5,87,.5,71,.5,5 t,.5,55,.5,55,.5,51,.5 1310 DATA 44,1.3,99,1.3,99,1.3,99,. 5,111,.5,121,.5,99,.5,71,.5,76,.5,7 1,1.3,62,.5,55,.5 1320 DATA 51,.5,55,.5,62,.5,71,.5,6 2,.5,71,.5,82,.5,87,.5,82,.5,87,.5, 99, .5, 111, .5, 111, .5, 121, .5, 133, .5, 1 49,.5 1330 DATA 133,.5,111,.5,121,.5,99,. 5,111,.5,87,.5,99,.5,82,.5,87,1.5,1 11,1.3,111,1.5,0 1340 BORDER 0 1350 END DEFine 1360 DEFine PROCedure number 1370 INK 6: CSIZE 1,0: CURSOR 95,47:P RINT 1380 CURSOR 95,861 PRINT 2 1390 CURSOR 95,128: PRINT 3 1400 CURSOR 135, 20: PRINT 4: CURSOR 1 87, 20: PRINT 5: CURSOR 237, 20: PRINT 6 1410 END DEFine 1420 DEFine PROCedure instruct 1430 AT 17,0:PRINT FILL*(" ",50):AT 17,01PRINT "This is how the cube m ust be": PAUSE 200 1440 END DEFine 1450 DEFine PROCedure pann (x) 1460 FOR a=1 TO 10: PANOX, 6: NEXT a 1470 END DEFine 1480 DEFine PROCedure scrol (x) 1490 FOR a=1 TO 10:SCROLL#x, 4:NEXT 1500 END DEFine 1510 DEFine PROCedure sprint 1520 INK RND(1 TO 6): 1530 IF Y=0: BEEP 100, 1: CSIZE 0, 0: AT 17,35:PRINT CHR\$(a):PAUSE 50 1540 IF Y=1:CSIZE 3,1:INK 5:AT 4,20 :PRINT CHR#(a) 1550 IF Y=2:CSIZE 0,0:AT 18,34:PRIN T CHR# (a) 1 PAUSE 50 1560 END DEFine 1570 DEFine PROCedure icheck 1580 AT 18,4: INK 1: PRINT "Flease ty pe numbers 1 to 6." 1590 Y=1ra=CODE (INKEY\$(-1)) 1600 REPeat loop 1610 SELect DN a 1620 =49:BEEP 5000,5:sprintilooka 1630 =50:BEEF 5000,5:sprint:lookb 1640 =51:BEEP 5000,5:sprint:looke 1650 =52: BEEP 5000, 5: sprint: lookd 1660 =53:BEEP 5000,5:sprint:looke 1670 =54:BEEP 5000, 5:sprint:lookf 1680 «REMAINDER Inegsound: tcheck 1690 END SELect 1700 beurtsjumble 1710 END DEFine 1720 DEFine PROCedure negsound 1730 BEEP 100,50 1740 END DEFine 1750 DEFine PROCedure blowup 1740 WINDOW 250, 100, 130, 70 1770 FOR a=1 TO 80:SCROLL 4:SCROLL -4: BEEP 10000, RND (900 TO 1000), 100, 40,50,30,1,30:NEXT a 1700 WINDOW 450,220,35,15 1790 END DEFine 1800 DEFine PROCedure info 1810 OPEN#20, scr_50x31a35x20 1820 FOR x=1 TO 4: PAPER#20, 2: SCROLL #20, XINEXT X 1830 FOR x=1 TO 4:PAPER#20,6:SCROLL #20, x:NEXT x 1840 FOR x=1 TO 4: PAPER#20, 1: SCROLL #20,x:NEXT x 1850 END DEFine

Printer Spooler

Ian Jackson presents a useful small utility to allow the QL to print documents while carrying-out other tasks.

his multi-tasking printer spooler hex loader program should first be typedin and run. Then, the spooler can be started — for multitasking operation — using:

FXEC_W mdv1_spooler

To switch the cursor between Basic and the spooler, press CTL—C.

To customise the spooler for your printer, type-in the install program and alter it to suit your printer. Then run it and the copy of the spooler in mdvl_will be altered. To save the install program, type:

SAVE_ME

The data in the install program starts with the y-coordinate at the of the display window, for mode 4 and 8. Then follows the preamble sequence, which is sent to the printer before printing starts. The printer options which you select in the program are defined from then onwards.

At the end of each definition of the preamble or a printer option you should put 'end', as you should after all your printer options have been defined. Within each definition list you may use 'esc' to send CHR\$(27) to the printer, 'If' to send CHR\$(10), or you may put '"..' to send the character, or just a number to send that

character number.

```
100 REMark hex loader for Printer Spooler
120 ad=respr(1760): a=ad: h14='0123456789A8CDEF':
errflag=0: RESTORE
130 FOR i=1 TO 110
148
     READ d$, check!
150
     FOR j=1 TO 160 b=160 (ds(j+2-1) INSTR h14)+(ds
(J#2) INSTR h1#)-171 POKE a,b1 a=a+11
                                       sug=sug+leb
   CLS#8: PRINT#8, if IF sum<>check THEN PRINT 'E
    in line ':190+10+1: errflag=1
170 END FOR 1
188 IF NOT errflag THEN SEXEC mdv1_spnoler.ad.1756
. 536
190 1
200 DATA
        '601003BA00004AFB000753706F6F6C65',11967
210
         '7200584F4DFA065C700172FF41FA03B6',15991
220
   DATA
         '4E424A804600024E2C887027720076FF',12880
236
          4E43702872004E43702972074E436100',8523
   DATA
         '029443FA0396347800D04E9261000320'
                                             . 18246
258
    DATA
          43FA03A04E92610003366100027843FA*
                                              11506
268
   DATA
          0386347800D04E92610003047002343C*
                                             .8143
278
    DATA
          0029363CFFFF43FA06384E434A80670C
                                              12525
280
    DATA
          0C0000FB660270EB600002A653416700
                                              18614
298
    DATA
          01C643FA061A3281700172FF76012049*
                                              11694
   DATA
300
          4E424A88678C8C8888F96788817E6888*
310
    DATA
          02802D48000441FA056270014E424A901
                                              10525
   DATA
320
          570C0C0000F7660270EA600002542D481
330
          00086100020043FA047E347800D04E92*
    DATA
                                              12512
340 DATA
          6100028C700243FA05C8343C00294E43*
                                              9857
    DATA
350
          4A80670C0C0000AFB660270EB60000222*
                                              9567
360
   DATA
          534143FA05AA3281206E0008700743FA*
370
   DATA
          0468343C0028363CFFFF4E434A006680°
                                              12497
380 DATA
          01F449FA058A3E1C53476B38101C0200°
390
   DATA
          90DF4BFA046CB0156710DAFC000C4A2D*
400
   DATA
          000165F270F1600001CC70077400142D'
410
   DATA
          0001363CFFFF43ED00024E434A806600',11540
420
   DATA
          01B460C4610000B449FA04FE51D47011',15580
         *47FA05344E410201000C0C01000C473E*,4565
438
```

```
440 DATA '7002343C01AA363CFFFF206E000443FA',13973
              '051E4E434A8067064BFAFFD461387007',14835
450 DATA
460 DATA
               3401363CFFFF206E000843FA05024E43',10517
470 DATA
               4A8067064BFAFFE8611C4A1467B06100',13644
480 DATA
               011443FA045C347900D04E92610001C0",12176
490 DATA
              270006000001400C0000F657D4674A20561,11065
500 DATA
               610000B261000188347800D043FA0454*,12328
510 DATA
               4E92700E4E4370014E431E01700F4E43',7968
520
               020700DF0C070043670A0C0700416AE21.8845
530
      DATA
               588F60AA6104584F4ED5610000B83478',12274
540
                00D043FA045A4E924E75610000A843FA*
                                                                   14187
               0250347800D04E9243FA0474347800D0',13983
550
      DATA
560
      DATA
                4E92347800D043FA01F64E92363C00C8*
                                                                   14544
570
      DATA
               61306000FE06617C347800D043FA01E4*
                                                                   15656
 580
      DATA
                4E926100010A43FA01F64E9261000120
                                                                   10062
      DATA
                760060082600347800CC4E92700572FF
598
                                                                   13918
600
      DATA
                4E4148E7C0C0700893C972FF4E414CDF
                                                                   18587
      DATA
610
               03034E7548E7F8F0613A38004444E344
                                                                   14511
                47FA0206383340FE671043F340003478'
00D04E924CDF0F1F4E75347800CC4880'
620
      DATA
                                                                   11939
630
      DATA
                                                                   13173
540
                4E92701172174E43347800D043FA036E*
                                                                   12994
650
      DATA
                4E9260E048E7F0402056701072FF74FF
                                                                   18936
660
                4E414A01660643FA00DC600443FA00DE*
                                                                   14676
670
      DATA
              '700D720274014E4370204E43701072FF
                                                                  . 12616
688
                74FF4E414A016606701172024E434CDF
      DATA
                                                                   11374
      DATA
698
               020F4E752F007002206F00084E42201F
                                                                   6167
      DATA
               2F007002206E00044E42201F6700FD2C*
700
710
      DATA
                6100FF62701072FF74FF4E414A016704*
                                                                   12565
      DATA
 720
               720A60027220205670054E43347800D0'.
                                                                   10508
      DATA
73a
                43FA013E4E92700E4E4370014E430C01*
                                                                   7744
740
      DATA
               00E866F67005720A4E436000FCEE48E7*
                                                                   17034
 750
      DATA
               F050701072FF74FF4E414A01670A2056*
                                                                   11265
760
      DATA
                7005720A76FF4E434CDF0A0F4E757E07*
                                                                   11564
770
      DATA
                7002000600066602700743FA020F70061
                                                                   18577
788
      DATA
               12C651C8FFFC702643FA02C04E435446*
                                                                   15093
790
      DATA
               @C@69@976DDC51CFFFD84E75@1E4@167*
                                                                   15725
800
      DATA
               @@@A@@1@@2@@@@@C@@@@@@@@@2@@@#16*
                                                                 +568
810
      DATA
               9000001E0003636F6E00001620205072*
                                                                  6961
820
      DATA
               696E7465722053706F6F6C6572202020
                                                                   10747
830
      DATA
               202000222020202020436F7079726967
                                                                   18979
840
      DATA
               687420284329313938352049616E204A
                                                                  8699
850
      DATA
               61636B736F6E00255479706520746965
                                                                   12213
868
      DATA
              "2066696C656E616D652C206F7220454E
                                                                   10945
      DATA
               54455220746F2073746F703A20000002
                                                                  7514
      DATA
               222E00194279652066726F6D20707269
869
                                                                   12206
               6E7465722053706F6F6C65723D00001F
                                                                   9252
900
      DATA
               20707265737320636F6E74726F6C2043
                                                                   12533
910
      DATA
               20666F72286F74686572284A6F622E081
                                                                   16289
928
               000E492063616E27742066696E642022*
      DATA
                                                                  10134
930
      DATA
               0016507265737320463120746F20636F
                                                                   11012
948
      DATA
               6E74696E75652E2000000000000000000000
                                                                  2866
950
      DATA
               902C00000042000005C0000000000000
                                                                  1404
960
      DATA
               ଡ଼ଌ୶ଌଌଌଌଌଌଌଌଌଌ୵୴ୠୠୠୠୠୠୠୠୠୠୠୠୠୠୠୠୠୠୠୠୠୠୠୠ
970
      DATA
               0088009C001441206C696E6520776173*
                                                                   11548
988
      DATA
               20746F6F206C6F6E672E0017546F6F201
                                                                  9992
     DATA
998
               6D616E79206368616E6E656C73206F70°,13272
1000 DATA
                 656E2100000C46696C6520696E207573*
1010 DATA
                 652E001C596F7572206F7074696F6E73*
                                                                   , 13576
1020
       DATA
                 206172652053494C42454446502E2020*
1038 DATA
                 0012496E707574206275666665722066°
                                                                   , 12444
1040 DATA
                 756C6C2E000F5072696E74657220696E*
                                                                   12201
1050 DATA
                 207573652E000020456E746572207468*
                                                                   11944
1060 DATA
                 65207072696E746572206D6F6465206F*
                                                                    12609
1070 DATA
                 7074596F6E733A20202020202020202020
                                                                   . 6205
1080
       DATA
                 202020202020202020202020202020202020
                                                                   . 4352
1090
       DATA
                 2020202020202020202018401852000A
                                                                   . 4484
1100
       DATA
                 53010F00000000000000000000049021934
                                                                   2344
1110
       DATA
                 , 2048
1120
       DATA
                 @@@@@@#42@21845@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
                                                                  1083
1130
       DATA
                45021B4D000000000000000044021B47
                                                                  , 2915
1140
                 00000000000000000046061B6C0F1B5141'
                                                                  .5111
1150
       DATA
                ' 0000000050061B4346184E0500000000
                                                                  -2979
1160
       DATA
                 @@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
1170
       DATA
                @@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@#73657231
@@19492@686176652@66696E69736865*
1180
       DATA
1190
       DATA
                64207072696E74696E672E000004202D*,7575
1200
       DATA
                20200024205072657373204120746F20°,10020
1210
       DATA
               '61626F7274206F72204320746F20636F',11397
1220
       DATA
               CHID
1240
       DATA
               *205072696E74696E67202D2070726573*.12349
       DATA
1250
               '732045534320616E6420BE20746F2061'.11592
1260
       DATA
               1626F72742E000901000000000010200001,1468
1270
       DATA
               1280
       DATA
               <sup>*</sup> ଅପରସ୍ଥଳର ଉଦ୍ୟର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟର ପ୍ୟର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟର ପର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟର ପର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟର ପର ପର ପରତ୍ୟର ପର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟର ପର ପ
1290 DATA
               * @@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

PRINTER SPOOLER

```
110 REMark REM's may be omitted
120 :
130 DATA 0.30:
 REMark top of window y-coordinates for mode 4. 8
140 DATA '#sc','"@','esc','"R',0,'lf','end';
REMark preamble
150 DATA 'S',15,'end':
 REMark small
160 DATA "I"."esc", ""4", "end":
REMark Italics
178 DATA "L": 'esc": 7"W": I: 'end':
 REMark large
180 DATA 'B', 'esc', "E', 'end';
 REMark bold
190 DATA 'E', 'esc', '"M', 'end';
 REMark elite
200 DATA 'D', 'esc', '"G', 'end'!
 REMark doublestrike
218 DATA 'F', 'esc', '"1', 15, 'esc', '"9', 65, 'end';
REMark fifty chars across
220 DATA 'P','esc',"C',70,'esc','"N',5,'end';
 REMark paged, perforation skip
230 DATA 'end'
240 :
256 DIM cdX(9): RESTORE : READ y4, y8: ad=RESPR(200
260 LBYTES mdv1_spooler.ad
278 adt=ad+2+PEEK_W(ad+2) | adf=adt+PEEK_W(adt) | ad
1=adt+2+PEEK W(adt+2)
```

```
280 POKE_W adt+4+PEEK_W(adt+4).y4: POKE_W adt+6+PE
EK_W(ad++6),y8
290 FOR i=0 TO 91 rdv: cdX(i)=v1 IF v=-1: EXIT i
300 j=1-(v=-1): FOR i=0 TO 8-j: POKE adf-10+1,32
310 FOR i=9-j TO 9: POKE adf-10+(.cdX(i-9+j)
320 FOR y=8 TO 9
330
    adh=adf+y+12# READ | ## v=CODE(|#)
     IF is='end' THEN v=-1: EXIT y
348
     POKE adh.vs POKE adl+y,vs FOR 1=0 TO 91 rdv1
350
IF v=-1: EXIT i: ELSE POKE adh+i+2.v
360
     POKE adh+1: i+(v<>-1)
370 END FOR y
388 (=y+(v<>-1): POKE ad1+),46: POKE adf+i+12.0
390 FOR j=i+1 TO 91 POKE adl+j.32
400 DELETE mdv1_spooler: SEXEC mdv1_spooler.ad.175
6.536
410 :
420 DEFine PROCedure rdv
     READ 18
430
     IF | | (1) = " | THEN y=CODE (| $(2)) | RETurn
440
     IF | s='end' THEN v=-11 RETurn
450
460
     IF is='lf' THEN v=10: RETurn
     IF is='esc' THEN v=27: RETurn
47B
     v=is: RETurn
480
490 END DEFine
500
510 DEFine PROCedure mave_me
528 DELETE advi_spoolinstl: SAVE advi_spoolinstl
530
     DELETE mdv2_spoolinstl: SAVE mdv2_spoolinstl
540 END DEFine
```

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```
I was pleased to see my Multi-
                                                                                                plication Tables program in the
 170 REMark ***
                          PROGRAM IS COMPLETELY
 185 REMark *** ONLY RESET/BREAK WILL STOP IT ***
                                                                                                February issue. There is a
 620 AT 5, INT((28-LEN(title$))/2):PRINT title$:PAUSE 90
                                                                                               revised version which removes
 621 CLS
                                                                                               a few screen blinks and imple-
 622 IF title$="Multiplication Tables" THEN
                                                                                                ments the multi-user option. I
 623 AT 3,4:PRINT "What is your name?"
                                                                                                have also cured the negative
624 AT 5.4:INPUT name$
625 AT 7,4:PRINT "Hello,
                                                                                                time-elapsed bug which arises
                                                                                                when readings of Date$
 626 AT 8,4:PRINT nameS; '!" :PAUSE 100
                                                                                               straddle an hour
 627 END IF
701 IF test=1 THEN
                                                                                                 If readers type-in the follow-
702 INK 2:AT 0,1:PRINT Press (ENTER) if your name is not
                                                                                                ing listing and merge it with
 703 AT 1, INT((37-LEN(name$))/2):PRINT name$:INK 1
                                                                                               that published in the February
704 END IF
                                                                                                issue they will have the up-
1580
             REMark ***
                             Raspberry! :See line 3370 ***
                                                                                               dated version. Also, deleting
2375 IF minutes<0 THEN minutes=minutes+60
                                                                                               the Mode 8: from line 610 and
2380 time elapsed=60*minutes+ end time$(4 TO 5)-time_now$(4 TO 5.
                                                                                               replacing the text+line para-
2435 CLS
                                                                                               meter of 18 for the rub_out
2685 cycle=0
2745 IF new tables list(0)=1 THEN
                                                                                               procedure by 19-INT((LEN
                                                                                               (option\$) + 10)/37) in lines 4680
2746 LET round$=" Found"
                                                                                               and 4710 will remove a few
2747 ELSE
2748 LET rounds=" rounds"
                                                                                                more blinks and tidy the screen
2749 END IF
                                                                                                when the user fills the
2750 IF new_tables_list(0)>1 THEN
2751 intro "There will be "&new_tables_list(0)&round$
                                                                                               keyboard buffer.
                                                                                                                Ron Allpress,
2752 END IF
                                                                                                                    Thwaite,
2770 IF new tables list(0)>1 THEN intro "Round "&round 2780 PAPER 5:INK 0"
                                                                                                                      Suffolk.
3185 IF minutes<0 THEN minutes=minutes+60
3190 time elapsed=60*minutes+ end_time$(4 TO 5)- time_now$(4 TO 5)
3250 PRINT
3270 LET cycle=cycle+1
3275 IF cycle>1 OR round>1 THEN
3276 CLS
3280 AT 5,4:PRINT "You got ';correct total; out of ";cycle*round*10; correct.
3294 LET average time taken=INT(total time/(cycle*round)+.5)
3295 AT 9,4:PRINT "You took ";average time taken; seconds per round."
3301 INK 2:FLASH 1
3302 IF average time taken>60 THEN
3303 AT 11,4:PRINT "Good try ";name$;"!":PAUSE 150
3304 AT 11,4:PRINT "Why not have another go?"
3305 ELSE
3306 AT 11,4:PRINT "Well done ";name$;"!"
3307 END IF
3308 PAUSE 150: INK 0: FLASH 0
3309 END IF
4551 IF level$(1) INSTR "TQ" THEN
4552 INK 2:AT 13,2: PRINT "Press (ENTER) if your name is not"
4553 AT 14, INT((40-LEN(name$))/2):PRINT name$:INK 0
4554 END IF
4570 AT 16,4:PRINT "Press R to Repeat"
4580 AT 17,4:PRINT "Press M to obtain Menu"
4680 AT 17,4:PRINT Press M to obtain Menu

4600 AT 18,4:PRINT "Press ";change$(1);" to move on to a ";change$

4630 AT 19,4: INPUT "which?"; option$

4635 IF option$="" AND level$(1) INSTR "TQ" THEN RUN
```

```
1 CLEAR
2 MODE 8:CSIZE 1,1:PAPER 2:INK 7:CLS
3 AT 2,INT((28-LEN("LOADING"))/2):PRINT "LOADING"
4 AT 4,INT((28-LEN("'Multiplication Tables'"))/2):
PRINT "'Multiplication Tables'"
5 PAUSE 200:CSIZE 0,0:PAPER 1:INK 6:CLS
6 LRUN mdvl_Multiplication_tables
```

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MICRODRIVE

KEY

B = SuperBasic A + O assembler and object code M + B = machine code and Basic loader, A + B + O = assembler and Basic loader and object code S = supercharged | L = QLiberated | f1 = monitor mode | f2 = TV mode

1 DIY ASSEMBLER by Giles Todd (B)	ES
A complete two-pass assembler which assembles all 68008 code;	and
supports the directives DRG_END_EQU_DC and DS	

2. MINI MONITOR by Richard Cross (A + 0)

Multi-lasks on the Qt. using only 3K of RAM, Dump registers, memory and ASCII mic trace, register store, memory move and store and lumps Qt. User October 1985

4. GOLF by Shergold and Tose (B112)

Up to 50 courses varying difficulty with lakes livers bunkers and trees

OL User May 1985

PALADIN by Writiams and Hotilday (A + O)
 All-machine code space-invaders game used as the basis of the games programming series beginning in April 1985

7. PACMAN by Steve Deary (B) \$\text{\$1\$} Almost 20 screens of varying difficulty including an invisible maze \$\text{\$Q\$}\$\$ User March 1985

8. FAMILY TREE by Andy Carmichael (B)

Archive database for assembling and displaying large family trees
Theory of Relativity, OL User July August 1985

COMPOSER by James Lucy (L)
 Completed in QL User October 1985 this QLiberated program allows you to compose play and edit music including tempol staccato legato and sharps

17. CAP OL by Tony Outon (S)
The OL is particularly suited to CAD Includes rubber banding and user definable symbols OL World. September 1988

19. STARPORT 2001 by Karl Jeffrey (M + B)
Galaxian-style arcade game with last mic entry QL World November
1986

24. DESIGN 3D by J.F. Tydeman (S)
3D screen designs with the minimum of fuss. *QL World*, March April 1987.

25. STELLARIS by D. Carmona (Bf1)

Rea -time space adventure against the computer, including economic simulations lunar anding and superb graphics. *QL World*. June 1987

29. BRIDGE by Peter Etheridge (8) £4
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32. ADVENT2 by Phillip Sproston (B)
Arcade adventure with humour rooms, robots and problems to keep you on your toes

33. CLOCK by Lestie Fahldy (Bt2)

ON-screen clock to set or read the time Education, QL World. June and July 1987. complete program

34 QL CONVERSION/CALCULATOR(f2) £2
Weights and measures, convertions and reverse Polish, converts
anything to anything Menu-driven, easy to use

35. QWHIST by John Wakefield (B)
You play south and the computer plays north against automatic east west opponents. QL World August 1987

36. MAIL MERGE by Stanley Sykes (B12) £1
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demo

37. THE DOUBLE by P G. Ives (8f2)
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40. ROULETTE by Santrago Rubio (8)

Spanish English version of the gambling game, including Leigh Pattern system to break the bank QL World September 1987

44. COMPRESS by David March (B) 22
Uthely to compress SuperBasic files without losing the program structure

45. SUPERBREAKOUT by R. Davidson (M + 8)

Fast m.c version of the classic bat ball and wall game. Optional double bats and or balls.

48. YAHTZEE by Jason Price (B)

The popular dice-game with on-screen graphics. Easy and addictive OL World. November 1987.

52. SPACE PODS by Simon Quinn (M + B)

Your tone ship must protect six energy pods against the aliens. Machine code QL World December 1987

53. GRAPHIC WRITER by S.M. Welker (B)

A graphic design program which can save your pictures as SuperBasic commands for use in other programs. *QL World* December 1987

54. ZAPMAN by L. Miles (M · 8)
Fast-action mic version of the Pacman genre. Variable skill levels and make formats.

55. ADVENTURE PLAYTIME by A. Pemberton (B)
An extensive adventure where you must complete tasks for the nhabitants of a strange and Coded messages and hints included

56 SPACE INVADERS by Paul McKinnon (M)

Very last challenging version of the classic, with ugly aliens and protective shields

57. SPELLED by Timo Salmi (8)
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58. RADAR by Niget Ford (B)
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60. SPEEDMIND by William Henderaon (B) £3 A mastermind-style game played with coloured pages. You have 12 attempts at breaking the code against the clock. QL World, January 1988.

61. COMPANDER by A. Quigley (MS)

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 62. DOMINOES by Adrian Steen (Bf2)
 1 version of the classic English dominoes to play against the computer QL World. May 1988

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63. VICIOUS VIPER by	an Humphreys (B)		E3
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65. DUAL DOMINOES by Helmo Geske (B)

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76. BACKGROUND MUSIC
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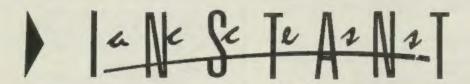
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